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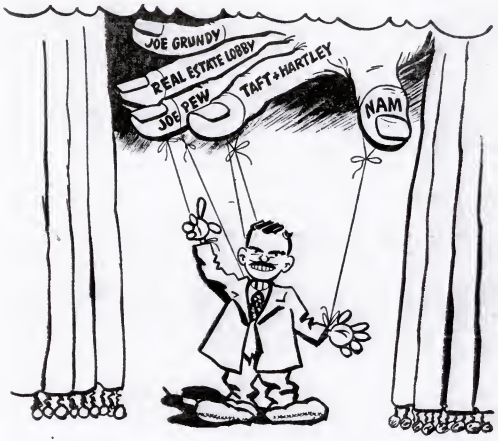
#1

Now Showing

"Labor's Enemy--Mr. Dewey"



"I COME TO YOU UNFETTERED....."

Complete Program Inside→

#2

Gullible's Troubles

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In ancient days, Gulliver — caught off guard — was tied down by little men. In modern days, labor — caught off guard — has been tied down by little men — Taft, Hartley, Dewey, Ball, Martin, etc.

A short, Short Story — complete in this issue:

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#13

'...victory has become a habit of our party...'

THE ACCEPTANCE SPEECH OF
President Harry S. Truman

WITH THE ACCEPTANCE SPEECH OF

Senator Alben W. Barkley of Kentucky

as nominees for President and Vice President of the Democratic Party at the National Convention in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, July 15, 1948

'. . . the people know that the Democratic Party is the people's party, and the Republican Party is the party of special interest, and it always has been and always will be. . . . . I must have your help. You must get in and push, and win this election. . . . .

THE COUNTRY CAN'T AFFORD ANOTHER REPUBLICAN CONGRESS!

Extension of Remarks of Hon. Alben W. Barkley, of Kentucky, in the Senate of the United States July 28, 1948

Not Printed at Government Expense

709306—2670½

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THE 1948 PLATFORM

of the

DEMOCRATIC PARTY

H4

"TO SERVE the interest of all and not the few; to assure a world in which peace and justice can prevail; to achieve security, full production, and full employment . . .

THIS IS OUR PLATFORM!

Extension of Remarks of

HONORABLE ALBEN W. BARKLEY

Senator from Kentucky and the Democratic Nominee for

VICE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

In the Senate of the United States, July 28, 1948

Not Printed at Government Expense

720305—26759

"Our goal must be—not peace in our time—but peace for all time." – Harry S. Truman #15

CAPITAL COMMENT

DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE

X-E 815
.Z92

Vol. 1, No. 45

Ring Building
1200 18th Street, N.W.
Washington 6, D. C.
March 6, 1948

World trade is a two-way street.

We must buy if we want to sell.

High tariff walls and artificial trade barriers benefit no nation, including those which think they are protected by them.

History has demonstrated the truth of these statements.

Now comes a test in the Congress which will show whether or not the Republican majority has learned these lessons of history.

President Truman has asked the Congress to extend for three more years the Hull Reciprocal Trade Agreements Act which has been the economic cornerstone of our foreign policy for 14 years.

The results of the act have been good. As President Truman wrote the Congress, the act has "provided a sound method for increasing world trade through progressive lowering of trade barriers, to the benefit of living standards both here and abroad."

The President added:

"The importance of the act is greater today than it has ever been. Together with other nations we are engaged in a mighty endeavor to build a prosperous and peaceful world. The financial assistance we have already contributed, and the further aid we shall give to nations in Europe and elsewhere, constitute a tremendous investment toward world recovery.

"The Reciprocal Trade Agreements Act, by stimulating an increasing flow of trade between nations, will contribute strongly to the achievement of this objective. Its extension is essential if we are to complete the work we have begun."

The President's message met the usual response from the Republican majority in Congress to Administration proposals -- an attack followed by a sidetracking by the House Ways and Means Committee.

This action was not surprising.

The Act has been voted upon five times by the Congress.

Only in the wartime year of 1943 did the Republicans fail to vote overwhelmingly against the measure.

Fortunately the Democratic Party had a majority of the Congress during the five Congressional votes, so Cordell Hull's statesmanlike program was continued each time.

That was in the pattern of the Democratic tradition of free trade so that the benefits of a prosperous world trade can be shared by all Americans.

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HISTORY OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY

By Claude G. Bowers

(From the Democratic National Convention Book 1936)

* * * * *

The Democratic Party, founded by Thomas Jefferson, is the only political organization that reaches down without a break from the first days of the republic. It was born of Jefferson's persuasion of its necessity to defend the republican form of government and to make it a democratic, rather than an oligarchic or plutocratic, republic.

And the first battle of its founders, launched before the party organization had been perfected, was to remedy a fatal defect in the Constitution as it came from the Constitutional Convention.

The discussions in the convention disclosed a distinct distrust of the rule of the people. Fear of the people impelled the convention to concentrate on the creation of a government capable of maintaining order and securing the rights of property. So intent were the founders on that necessity that the fundamental law emerged from the convention without a single provision for the protection of the rights of man.

Reading the proposed Constitution in his Legation in Paris, Jefferson was amazed and shocked at this omission of a Bill of Rights. In letters to Washington and Madison, with whom he was in correspondence, he made his objection clear. He had phrased the preamble of the Declaration of Independence with the keynote that "governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed," and with the declaration that the primary function of a civilized society is to guarantee the people in their "inalienable right to life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

Jefferson was the possessor of wealth; he hated lawlessness; he knew that property has legitimate rights that must be protected in a civilized society, but always he stood primarily for the rights of man.

Instantly his pen moved rapidly over paper in messages to friends and followers throughout the country, bearing this ultimatum: "A bill of rights is what any people is entitled to against any government, general or particular, and which no just government will refuse or rest on inference."

Thus under the leadership of Jefferson was launched the movement that put the people on notice that liberty and human rights were not guaranteed by their fundamental law. Thus, at his instigation, his great lieutenant, James Madison, the "Father of the Constitution," presented to the Congress the first ten amendments which constitute the Bill of Rights.

Thus the first victory for liberty and human rights won after the establishment of the republic was achieved under the militant leadership of the Jeffersonians.

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TRUMAN FOR PRESIDENT CLUB

OF MINNESOTA

OFFICERS

Thomas W. Walsh - Chairman

Stephen H. Harrington - Secretary-Treasurer

LaMoine M. Dowling - Organization Director

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Truman for President Club

of Minnesota

OFFICES

830 Minnesota Bldg., St. Paul 1, Minnesota

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DEWEY and WARREN

A Capitol Team

#8

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#9

THE 80th CONGRESS *DELIVERS!*

Here are the FACTS of the Republican Congress record on:

U. S. SPENDING	**TAXATION**
PRICES	**INFLATION**
COMMUNISM	**DEFENSE**
VETERANS	**HOUSING**
AGRICULTURE	**CONTROLS**
RECLAMATION	**FOREIGN AFFAIRS**

A reprint from the Congressional Record (Aug. 17, 1948) of the report by

Representative

CHARLES A. HALLECK

(R-Ind.)

Majority Leader

House of Representatives

ADDITIONAL COPIES OF THIS PAMPHLET MAY BE OBTAINED UPON REQUEST THROUGH

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

1337 CONNECTICUT AVENUE

WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

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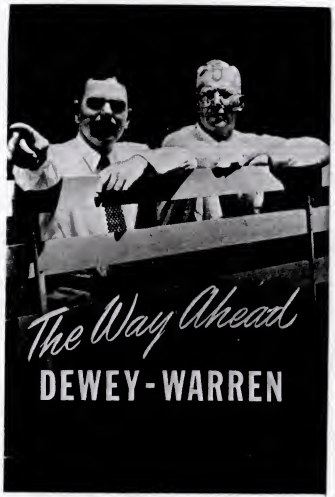

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Viewpoints:

The Political Mill

ATTACK ON DEWEY AS FOE OF TEACHERS IS CHILDISH

by Gould Lincoln

as reprinted from
The Evening Star
Washington, D. C.
August 3, 1948

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Viewpoints:

"Candidate Dewey"

and

"Earl Warren"

The Peoria, Ill., Star editorially takes the measurements of the Republican nominees.

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Viewpoints:

"Candidate Dewey"

and

"Earl Warren"

The Peoria, Ill., Star editorially takes the measurements of the Republican nominees.

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Speech of

EARL WARREN

Governor of California

Accepting the Nomination as Republican Candidate for Vice President of the United States, June 25, 1948

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
1337 Connecticut Avenue
Washington 6, D. C.

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Speech of

EARL WARREN

Governor of California

Accepting the Nomination as Republican Candidate for Vice President of the United States, June 25, 1948

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
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Washington 6, D. C.

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Speech of

THOMAS E. DEWEY

Governor of New York

Accepting the Nomination as Republican Candidate for President of the United States, June 24, 1948

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
1337 Connecticut Avenue
Washington 6, D. C.

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Speech of

THOMAS E. DEWEY

Governor of New York

Accepting the Nomination as Republican Candidate for President of the United States, June 24, 1948

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
1337 Connecticut Avenue
Washington 6, D. C.

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Speech of

THOMAS E. DEWEY

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Accepting the Nomination as Republican Candidate for President of the United States, June 24, 1948

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
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Washington 6, D. C.

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Speech of

HERBERT HOOVER

Before the Republican National Convention, Philadelphia June 22, 1948

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
1337 Connecticut Avenue
Washington 6, D. C.

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#120

Speech of

HERBERT HOOVER

Before the Republican National Convention, Philadelphia June 22, 1948

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
1337 Connecticut Avenue
Washington 6, D. C.

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Viewpoints:

One Night's Work

by Walter Lippmann

One of America's keenest political observers turns the spotlight on Mr. Truman's nomination and acceptance.

(From the Column, "Today and Tomorrow")

IN THE ANNALS of the American government the scene enacted by Mr. Truman in the middle of the night at the close of the Democratic Convention is unique in its disrespect for the dignity of his office and the proprieties of the Constitution. It was not pretty to think of the President of the United States hanging around backstage for hours, waiting to accept a nomination which had not yet been tendered to him. Even though he knew that the convention had no alternative but to nominate him, a decent respect for the forms of democracy would have told him that until the delegates had voted, they were in principle free to make another choice, and that, like Governor Dewey, who waited in his hotel, he must not enter the hall.

* * *

But his action when he appeared before the delegates was an even more flagrant departure from the standards of conduct which the President of the United States is in honor bound to observe. In the early hours of the morning, in the presence of a disorderly partisan meeting, Mr. Truman

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Viewpoints:

Truman On Prices

An editorial from The Chicago News, July 28, 1948:

HE ASKS THE LIMITED CONTROL HE CALLED FAILURE IN 1946

Washington, July 26 (AP)—Secretary of Agriculture Brannan today asked farmers to store on their farms a "substantial portion" of the big grain crops they are producing this year. He said this would help MAINTAIN PRICES. . . .

AS PRESIDENT TRUMAN'S Secretary of Agriculture asked farmers to hold grain off the market to maintain prices, Mr. Truman sent to Congress his message in which the control of prices was the principal topic.

During the war, we had rationing and price control. We had them because military demands of this country and its allies distorted completely the normal pattern of production and distribution. At the same time, we had a sort of wage control, never as firm as was instituted in Canada and Great Britain.

They "froze" wages simultaneously with prices in the beginning and held them both relatively tight.

Since President Truman abandoned the vestiges of price control by executive order in the fall of 1946, two new, great distortions have been introduced into our economic life.

One is the European aid program. The other is the new military program adopted as a safeguard against the risk of war with Russia.

It is a measure of Truman's abject intellectual dishonesty that in his message to Congress

VOTE FOR AND WITH

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THE DEWEYS

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VOTE FOR AND WITH

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THE DEWEYS

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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

PENDERGASTRITIS!

DIAGNOSIS:

(Patient's condition is critical)

"I pledge to you that on next January 20 there will begin in Washington the biggest unravelling, unsnarling, untangling operation in our Nation's history."

(Gov. Thomas E. Dewey at Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 20, 1948)

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#25

PENDERGASTRITIS!

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(Gov. Thomas E. Dewey at Des Moine, Ia., Sept. 20, 1948)

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DIAGNOSIS:
(Patient's condition is critical)

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(Gov. Thomas E. Dewey at Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 20, 1948)

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DEWEY IN '48

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He gets things done

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DEWEY IN '48

SEP 29 1948

He gets things done

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48

actions

SPEAK LOUDER THAN PROMISES

to America's Working Men and Women!

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#31

"Dear Mac..."

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

What Every Veteran Ought to Know About The 1948 Election

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

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#32

Women want

GOOD HOUSEKEEPING IN GOVERNMENT

11
48

Look what Dewey did in New York state:

CUT TAXES (saved taxpayers $800,000,000)

BUILT UP SURPLUSES (Saved tomorrow's taxpayers $673,000,000)

PAID A VETERANS' BONUS OF $400,000,000 (By 10-year financing — saved taxpayers $140,000,000 interest)

INCREASED STATE AID TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS

REDUCED STATE DEBT $161,000,000! in five years (excluding veterans' bonus and housing)

Look what Warren did in California:

REDUCED TAXES by $422,000,000

SAVED more than $400,000,000 during war years for postwar improvements

SET ASIDE $75,000,000 for a "rainy day" against any possible drop in revenue

BROADENED unemployment insurance

RAISED STANDARDS of institutions, mental hospitals, prisons and correctional institutions

DEWEY and WARREN Get Things Done!

Women's Division, Republican National Committee, Washington, D. C.

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IN EDUCATION

DEWEY and WARREN Get Things Done!

Dewey raised New York State teachers to the highest level in the world.

Minimums, which must be as low as $900, now are:
From $2,000 to $4,300 in smaller communities
From $2,200 to $4,710 in larger cities except New York
From $2,500 to $5,325 in New York City
(Minimums depend on length of service and other factors)

Under Dewey, state aid to school districts is up 80%.

Dewey's equalization program helps schools that need it most.

Dewey state-financed college housing program helped DOUBLE New York State college enrollment.

5 new vocational institutions take 4,500 students two years beyond high school.

State School of Labor and Industrial Relations going strong at Cornell.

What Warren has done in California:

Raised teacher salaries to a minimum of $200 a month to hold and attract good teachers.

Appropriated $55,000,000 to assist distressed school districts, help them handle increased enrollments.

Strengthened teacher pension system with the help of a $30,000,000 state appropriation.

Enabled small school districts to join forces and give better service to students.

Raised money for the deferred State university building program.

Created facilities for teaching specialized subjects (forestry, veterinary science, etc.) to furnish specialists for California's economy.

DEWEY and WARREN Get Things Done!

Women's Division, Republican National Committee, Washington, D. C. 72

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IN HOUSING

#34

Dewey and Warren Get Things Done!

11
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Here's what Dewey did in New York:

Enacted a law to hold down rents. New York was the only state with a rent-control law ready to go into effect . . . automatically . . . the moment OPA quit. (Another example of Dewey foresight and planning.)

Guided New York's active slum clearance and housing projects by:

Arranging for loans of more than $277,000,000 for 42 public housing projects in a $435,000,000 program.

Made cash payments up to $13,000,000 a year to maintain rents as low as $7 per room per month including hot water, gas and electricity.

Gave certain state and municipal tax exemptions for multiple housing to veterans.

Provided homes for 160,000 otherwise doomed to the slums. Set up the nation's first veterans' emergency housing plan . . . a model used by other states.

Made available apartments for veteran and college housing for veterans and their families totaling 61,280.

Here's what Warren did in California:

Bought surplus building materials from government and sold them at cost to veterans for home construction.

Bought temporary rental housing in cooperation with governmental agencies.

Supplemented insufficient federal funds by $4,500,000.

Enlarged California plans for lending money to veterans to buy farms and homes.

DEWEY and WARREN Get Things Done!

Women's Division, Republican National Committee, Washington, D. C.

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WANTED

#35

WOMEN FOR IMPORTANT POSITIONS

WHEN REPUBLICAN PARTY TAKES OVER FEDERAL GOVERNMENT IN JANUARY 16 48

Only *qualified* applicants considered. We offer you hard work, long hours; we expect your best efforts.

OUR RECORD on Recognition of Women Speaks for itself. As of September 15, 1948:

1 **Republican** woman elected to full six-year term in Senate.

4 of 7 women in Congress are **Republicans.**

11 of 19 women in major state elective positions are **Republicans.**

155 of the 211 women in state legislatures are **Republicans.**

44 of the 47 women in high state appointive posts were appointed by **Republican** Governors.

The Assistant Chairman of the Republican National Committee is a **woman.**

The first Associate Campaign Manager of a Presidential campaign is a Republican **woman.**

2 of the 4 vice chairmen of the Republican National Committee are **women.**

The Secretary of the Republican National Committee is a **woman.**

All subcommittees of the Republican National Committee are composed of an equal number of men and **women.**

In the 1948 Republican Convention:

For the *First* Time:
- A **woman** was Secretary.
- A **woman** was a Committee Chairman (Permanent Organization).
- A **woman** was chairman of a sub-committee (Labor and Social Welfare) of Resolutions Committee.
- A **woman** made the nominating speech for a Presidential candidate.
- Five **women** made formal addresses.

For the *Second* Time:
- **Women** served on Resolutions Committee on equal basis with men.
- **Women** served as vice chairman and secretary of Resolutions Committee.

WOMEN URGENTLY NEEDED TO HELP BUILD A STRONG, SOUND, SOLVENT AMERICA!

VOTE REPUBLICAN!

Republican National Committee, Washington, D. C.

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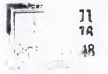

THE 1948 PLATFORM OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

Adopted by
Republican National Convention
June 23, 1948, Philadelphia, Pa.

DISTRIBUTED BY
REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
1337 CONNECTICUT AVENUE
WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

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Republican Fact·Book

Autumn 1948

Including a Condensed History of the Republican Party

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL FINANCE COMMITTEE
1337 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, NORTHWEST
WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

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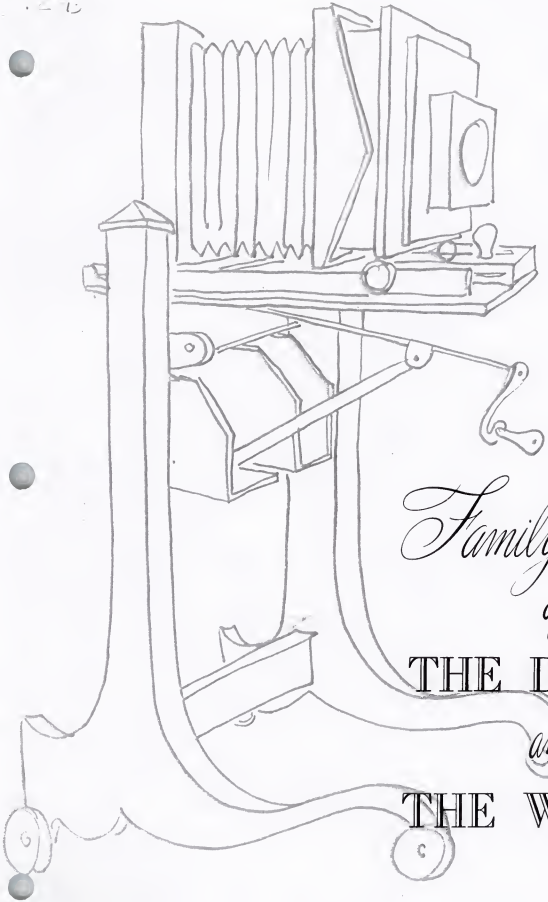

Family Album of THE DEWEYS and THE WARRENS

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#39

. . . an article from

CAMPUS PARADE

The National College Magazine

October issue

highlighting
the aims and
accomplishments
of the

YOUNG REPUBLICAN NATIONAL FEDERATION

#40

Women in Politics

Copy

BULLETIN OF THE WOMEN'S DIVISION - REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

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WASHINGTON, D.C., 1337 Connecticut Avenue -- October 25, 1948

REPUBLICAN WOMEN TO LEAD IN CONGRESS

Republicans will have the largest representation of women in the 81st Congress, beginning January 3rd.

Already elected to the Senate (September 13th) is Mrs. Margaret Chase Smith, Republican of Maine. She is the first Republican woman elected to a full six-year term in the Senate. She is now concluding eight years of service in the House of Representatives. Her elevation to the Senate placed her as the 6th woman Senator in American history.

There are five Republican women candidates for the House:

Incumbents, seeking reelection:

Mrs. Edith Nourse Rogers, Massachusetts, (5th Dist.)
Has no opponent.
Member of House since 1925.
Chairman of House Veterans Affairs Committee.

Mrs. Frances P. Bolton, Ohio (22d Dist.)
Member of House since 1940.
Only woman member elected from Ohio.
Member of House Foreign Affairs Committee.

Mrs. Katharine St. George, New York (29th Dist.)
Member of House since 1946.
Member of House Post Office and Civil Service Committees.

New Candidates:

Mrs. Cecil Harden, Indiana (6th Dist.)
President, County Welfare Board since 1943.
Republican National Committeewoman since 1944.

Miss Camille Geneau, Florida (2d Dist.)
School teacher and Assistant Supervisor of Education.

The Young Republican

VICTORY-GRAM

Dewey-Warren Campaign Special | No. 1 | 1337 Connecticut Ave. N.W., Washington, D. C. | Sept. 22, 1948

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

Year Ended December 31st, 1947

Population of the United States	135,000,000
People 65 years or older	37,000,000
Balance left to do the work	98,000,000
People 21 years or younger	54,000,000
Balance left to do the work	44,000,000
People working for the Government	21,000,000
Balance left to do the work	23,000,000
People in the Armed Services	10,000,000
Balance left to do the work	13,000,000
People in State and City offices	12,800,000
Balance left to do the work	200,000
People in Hospitals, Insane Asylums	126,000
Balance left to do the work	74,000
Bums and others who won't work	62,000
Balance left to do the work	12,000
Persons in Jail	11,998
Balance left to do the work	2

TWO — YOU AND I

and you'd better get a wiggle on — I'm getting tired of running this country alone.

This double-edged "message' was printed on the back of invitations to the San Francisco Young Republicans "Dewey-Warren Kick-Off Rally." Over 850 young people listened to luminaries such as George Murphy, Hedda Hopper, Adela Rogers St. John, and Iva Kaverman, while Lee Bowman MC'ed and Carleton Ackley's orchestra set the tempo for rally and dancing. This was one of the largest gatherings of young people for a political meeting that San Francisco has ever witnessed. This September 15th affair also marked the official rebirth of San Francisco Young Republicans as one of the most ambitious clubs in the country.

BRAIN WAVES ARE FINE BUT NEWS COMES BEST BY MAIL

We've got to get the Young Republican light from under the bushel basket. Properly plug the two P's of Campaign success:

PLANNING AND PUBLICITY

Have your program planned in detail for the next five weeks of "Hot War" on the political front. Include service with your Senior organization, get people registered and to the polls, coordinate with your state and national Young Republicans, work with the Volunteer Dewey-Warren Clubs and the Women's Dewey-Warren Campaign Centers, (your participation in these groups as members of your local Young Republican Club is one of the best ways of building up your club's service record), hold rallies, and plan a big victory celebration.

CATCH THAT TRAIN ! ! !

The Dewey-Warren Trains are two that you can't afford to miss. One of the most spectacular things in a Presidential campaign is the excitement and purpose and glamour of the candidates trains. Each stop brings the candidate that much closer to the people whom he seeks to represent. On the Dewey-Warren Trains Young Republicans are getting the chance to meet the next President and Vice President and their retinue personally.

Young Republicans should contact their senior leaders immediately in connection with their part in the affair—be it a welcome caravan, a reception for Virginia Warren, a meeting of your representative with the candidates.

This is one of the greatest thrills in a campaign so get your wheels spinning so that that Train Stop will really mean something to your club.

Get this!

When you do something—anything—ISSUE A NEWS RELEASE

Complete with glossy photos, if possible.

Get them regularly into the hands of your local papers, your state Young Republican Headquarters, National Federation Headquarters, and Senior Party Leaders.

An undistributed piece of timely news is about the same worth as a stitch not taken in time.

So Plan — make it click
Publicize — make it known.

YOURS FOR THE ASKING

Many are wondering what the 1948 Campaign twists will be. There will be an abundance of material that will assure you of the physical equipment to campaign successfully. But first, you've got to know what it is. Second, you've got to get it. Third, you've got to put it to work.

YOUNG REPUBLICAN MATERIAL — HOT OFF THE PRESS

National (Limited supplies furnished by Federation Headquarters—you can purchase more)

1. Organization Handbook — Has worked with 2,400 clubs to date.
2. Campaign Handbook — Guide to Campaign action techniques.
3. "You—The First Voter" — To answer the two big questions of the 10,000,000 First Voters —Why Vote? and Why Vote Republican?
4. Dewey-Warren Victory Stamp — Get these on millions of Republican letters in October and people from coast to coast will be doubly aware of two things: Dewey-Warren Victory and YR activity.
5. Campus Campaign Material (A big part of our Campaign New Look).
   a. "The Republican Party on the Campus" — Striking organizational booklet for college clubs.
   b. "What Gives" — Eye-catching "throw-away" for campus use.
   c. "Campus Republican" — Newspaper for YR college news and pictures.
6. "Teenage Republican" — These youngsters can get a wardful of votes and here's how.
7. Speakers' Research and Source material.

tate

1. Almost every state and local club has a YR publication and material of its own.

N.B.—Individual clubs should be able to raise funds for material such as: Newsletters, publicity for their own meetings, posters for the club, etc.

SENIOR PARTY MATERIAL—

Your State Chairmen have been given a list of suppliers of material which can be used in filling your needs rapidly.

MESSAGE FROM YOUR CHAIRMAN

By RALPH E. BECKER

This is the first of five weekly Victory-Grams that will be issued from the Federation's Campaign Headquarters.

They will post you on the Dewey-Warren Victory Drive as it affects the Young Republicans; happenings from the national level; and effective ideas, programs and activities of the state and local clubs.

Most important, this will let you know what we can do for you and what you can do for us.

Our job, at the Headquarters, is in direct proportion to your contribution to your national organization. That is why I have consistently urged you to send us evidence of your labors and progress. The credit is yours, not ours. We want to see that you receive it in a way that will benefit not only you but all Young Republicans as well.

We are all working at headquarters as a team with no prima donnas or stars. From Herb Brownell, Hugh Scott, Judy Weis on down to the auxiliary groups, the motto is "all for one and one for all."

The YRs have their important role to play.

Let's perform like seasoned troupers in every act. There is no job too small, no task too large.

There are only five weeks to go, so LET'S GO!

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The Young Republican

VICTORY-GRAM

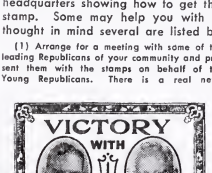
#42

Dewey-Warren Campaign Special | No. 2 | 1337 Connecticut Ave. N.W., Washington, D. C. | Sept. 29, 1948

SEAL THE VICTORY!

The campaign is getting into full swing and the word is spreading from coast to coast about the Dewey-Warren Victory Stamp. Several promotional ideas have come to headquarters showing how to get the most good out of the stamp. Some may help you with your plans. With that thought in mind several are listed below:

(1) Arrange for a meeting with some of the leading Republicans of your community and present them with the stamps on behalf of the Young Republicans. There is a real news



story in this so make sure that reporters and photographers are present at the ceremony.

(2) Advise all the Republican auxiliary groups about the stamp. Have them use it on all their mail. Approximately 7 people see and handle each letter that goes through the mail.

(3) Get your local newspapers who are favorable to the Republican cause to print a reproduction and also stick it on their mailings.

(4) Have local newspapers promote a "Young Republican Day" and ask all local merchants to cooperate this one day by pasting stamps on all packages, wrappings, etc.

(5) Hold local contests awarding prizes for the most creative use of the stamps, such as lamp shade designs. Resulting publicity should be good.

(6) Contact all candidates and party leaders about their purchasing a supply for their personal use.

(7) Talk to your friends and family about it. Have them use it on all their personal correspondence.

(8) YOU USE IT!

Order Your Own Supply From the American Bank Note Company, 70 Broad Street, New York 4, New York.

Price Per Thousand:	In Lots of:
$3.00	1,000
$2.75	10,000
$2.50	25,000
$2.00	50,000
$1.50	100,000

GET ON THE BEAM!

Many states have their plans set with a First-Voters program. In New York, for example, the Young Republicans have arranged for a special state-wide First Voters Day. Minnesota will be holding a First Voters rally for Virginia Warren. Every state has a job to do in respect to this matter. To supplement our First Voters pamphlet and to assist you in your plans, we are re-printing below parts of our new Campaign Handbook pertaining to First Voters. There is no limit to what you can do.

FIRST VOTERS PROGRAM

"First voters are (1) young people who have recently arrived at the age of 21, or (2) recently naturalized citizens, or (3) people young and aid who for one reason or another have never voted. The first problem is to find who the first voters are in a particular area prior to and after registration."

"Prior to registration there are various methods of finding out who the first voters are. Inquire into the files of the Registry of Motor Vehicles, the Bureau of Vital Statistics, etc. Colleges and high schools may furnish the names of graduates, and the clerk of the nearest Federal Court will furnish the names of recently naturalized citizens. College Young Republican Clubs can be particularly effective in the campus area. Use your ingenuity."

"Subsequent to registration the Precinct Official, the County Clerk or appropriate State Official will usually provide a list of all First Voters who have registered."

"CANVASS THEM:

The initial step is the canvassing of all First Voters, first to persuade them to register, and then to vote Republican. Canvassing may be done through the Canvassing Division or the First Voters Division, or both. First Voters Literature will be provided by the Federation in Washington for use by Canvasers."

"In this connection, First Voters Literature will be provided by the Federation in Washington for use by Canvassers with First Voters."

"HOLD FIRST VOTER RALLIES:

Holding at least one First Voter Rally is very effective. However, care must be taken to stage the rally on a quality basis. Nothing will drive First Voters away from a political party quicker than poor quality speeches or inferior personnel, or a haphazardly run meeting. At each First Voter Rally at least one prominent figure should address the rally. A considerable portion of time should be devoted to good entertainment, with a youthful atmosphere. Devote the rest of the time to having your group get to know the First Voters personally, and be sure to give each First Voter a chance to shake hands with every candidate."

MESSAGE FROM YOUR CO-CHAIRMAN

By RUTH S. STOCKTON

During the last sixteen years governmental activity has become more and more associated with what might be termed "basic" to the American way of life—the home and the welfare of the family. Thus, women have a stake in this year's Presidential campaign. They have an obligation to participate in politics along with men. By doing this they will insure that what affects them will be managed efficiently and economically.

The Young Republican National Federation is the existing medium through which you can begin. It will also give you an opportunity to become acquainted and work with the various auxiliaries of the Republican party, such as the Women's Federation and other activities of young women with whom we are closely associated.

This year the Republican Party offers to the Nation two great leaders in Governors Thomas E. Dewey and Earl Warren. They have a record which promises not only cooperation, but a full partnership with women in the councils of the Party.

In closing, let me wish you all success in our great crusade for free and better government.

BULLETINS FROM THE STATES
DEWEY-WARREN DAY IN NEW YORK

The Young Republicans in New York have organized an extensive campaign program which will consist of a Dewey-Warren Day. It will take place on October 15th. U. S. Senator Irving Ives will be the principal speaker on a state-wide radio hook-up.

This is an idea that can be set up in every state in the Union. We will be glad to assist you in your plans if you will only let us know.

ESSAY CONTEST ON DEWEY IN NEW HAMPSHIRE

The New Hampshire State Federation of Young Republican Clubs has announced that it will sponsor an essay contest on "Why I Am Going to Vote for Dewey." The contest will run until October 17th. Three prizes of $100, $50 and $25 will be awarded. Rules of the contest limit essays to not more than 200 words.

BABY SITTERS IN ILLINOIS

To cooperate and assist during school days while baby sitters are not readily available, the Young Republicans of Illinois are offering this service free of charge.

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The Young Republican

VICTORY-GRAM

Dewey-Warren Campaign Special — No. 1 — 1337 Connecticut Ave. N.W., Washington, D. C. — Oct. 11, 1948

#43

23 WORK! WORK! WORK! DAYS TILL VICTORY

YOUNG REPUBLICAN MATERIAL

It's better to, have too much than too little. In order to expedite your work write direct to the suppliers listed below. The mails are crowded now so advise the suppliers to use AIR PARCEL POST and SPECIAL DELIVERY since time is so short.

Title	Supplier	In Lots of	Price Per 1,000
Whit Guys	Columbine Press 2004 M Street, N.W. Washington, D. C.	1 thousand 10 thousand	$ 15.00 6.50
Young Republican Campaign Handbook	Kaufmann Press 1428 U Street, N.W. Washington, D. C.	1 thousand 10 thousand	100.00 80.00
Teen-Age Republican	Kaufmann Press 1428 U Street, N.W. Washington, D. C.	1 thousand 5 thousand over 5 thousand	17.00 8.50 6.75
First Voters Pamphlet	National Republic Printers 811 11th Street, N.W. Washington, D. C.	1 thousand 10 thousand	2.00 1.00
Republican Party on The Campus	Kaufmann Press 1428 U Street, N.W. Washington, D. C.	1 thousand	50.00
Dewey Speaks to Youth	Kaufmann Press 1428 U Street, N.W. Washington, D. C.	10 thousand 20 thousand 50 thousand	10.50 10.13 8.25
Dewey-Warren Victory Stamp	American Bank Note Company 70 Broad Street New York 4, N. Y.	1 thousand 10 thousand 25 thousand 50 thousand 100 thousand	3.00 2.75 2.50 2.00 1.50
The Campus Republican (College Newspaper)	Thomas Adams & Davis 415 11th Street, S.W. Washington, D. C.	1 thousand over 1 thousand	24.70 8.70
Young Republican Organization Handbook	National Republic Printers 811 11th Street, N.W. Washington, D. C.	5 thousand over 5 thousand	4.10 2.24

BULLETINS FROM THE STATES

TORCHLIGHT PARADE IN TEXAS

Young Republicans in San Antonia, Texas, revived the festive atmosphere of the old-time political torchlight parades on October 1st. Between 600 and 700 marchers carrying signs, Dewey-Warren buttons and balloons, made for an effective parade which was underlined by a serious note urging the election of Governors Dewey and Warren.

SAN DIEGO YR'S INVITE TRUMAN TO RETIRE

When the Truman campaign train passed through San Diego last week, the Young Republicans greeted the Democrat candidate with a large sign. It read, "Northern San Diego County Young Republicans invite President Truman to retire here in God's country — January 20, 1949."

MERRY-GO-ROUND IN NEW JERSEY TO ENCOURAGE VOTING

The Young Republicans of New Jersey used a Merry-Go Round to encourage voters to register. They used the slogan, "Baby-Sitters! No Problem!" The stunt was designed to entertain children while their mothers went to the polls to register for the coming election in November. This is just another effective idea that can be put into operation in your state when election day rolls around. But remember it takes planning—so get on the ball without delay.

DEWEY WILL SPEAK TO YOUR CLUB

The recording of Governar Dewey's 17 minute address to the Young Republican National Federation in Albany, New York, on August 11, 1948, has just been distributed to your Young Republican State Chairman. CONTACT HIM FOR A COPY.

This speech has a particular appeal to youth, and is something which every Young Republican should have the privilege of hearing.

Ingenuity will produce plenty of local tie-ins. Use it as a personal address to your Club at any meeting or rally associating your club and local candidates with the next President of the United States; a First Voters rally or a special program for your local radio station. For example: advertise in your local papers that "Governar Dewey will speak to youth at 6:30 over station XYZ."

MESSAGE FROM YOUR CHAIRMAN

By RALPH E. BECKER

In the brief time between now and "E" Day, all Young Republicans have a real opportunity to capture the admiration and respect of everyone in the party.

There is no limit to what can be done to help in the Senate and Congressional campaigns as well as in the Presidential race. Every registered Republican should be contacted well in advance of November 2nd, and reminded of his duty to vote.

The election of a Republican Congress is vitally necessary to carry out the program of our great team captains, Governors Thomas E. Dewey and Earl Warren. This will insure a harmonious administration of our national affairs in the next four years. It will mark the beginning of a crystal clear policy with a definite line of responsibility available for complete inspection by all Americans.

The American people need and are entitled to a harmonious administration. Do your share.

The Young Republican

VICTORY-GRAM

Dewey-Warren Campaign Special | No. 4 | 1337 Connecticut Ave. N.W., Washington, D. C. | Oct. 18, 1948

UNITED WE WIN

MESSAGE FROM YOUR CHAIRMAN

By RALPH E. BECKER

By the time this issue of the Victory-Gram reaches you Election Day will be almost a thing of the past. For months you have been preparing for this day, which is all-important on every citizen's calendar.

November 2nd of this year will truly be one of the most memorable in our country's history. This is true because with the election of a Republican President, our country will be embarking upon a new era wherein the dignity of the individual will once more be respected.

The Young Republicans throughout the entire nation have good cause to be proud of the part which they have played in this great crusade to promote and protect their future security.

I want to take this opportunity to pay tribute to the fine job which you already have done; I am sure that you are well organized for the Final Push and that you will be ready to assist in whatever task presents itself on Election Day.

When the new year begins, the future course of our country will be in the firm and able hands of Governors Dewey and Warren. Our Federation will have earned the admiration and the respect of everyone for its part in the success of this crusade to return the government to the people under a Republican Administration.

Thanks a million for your courageous, talented, and generous cooperation.

PLAN A VICTORY CELEBRATION

Many Clubs already have extensive plans for a huge victory celebration. This appears to be an exceptionally good idea inasmuch as it will afford you an opportunity to recognize those who have contributed to our cause. Furthermore, it will also give you an opportunity to announce your program for the coming year. **REMEMBER, YOUR OBJECTIVE SHOULD BE GEARED TO A YEAR 'ROUND OPERATION, WHICH IS ONE OF THE MAIN CRITERIA OF SUCCESS IN ANY POLITICAL ORGANIZATION.**

VICTORY CHECK-UP!

All plans for Election Day should now be complete. Nothing is more thrilling than the challenge of working together as smoothly-functioning teams on the day when people across the land will be exercising their right of franchise. However, don't overlook the psychology of making this memorable occasion fun and exciting.

Young Republicans can be of great assistance in this final drive. In certain areas, many elections may turn on the effectiveness of your contribution. The following items should not be overlooked:

I. ELECTION LAWS: This is a MUST for all Young Republicans. You should be able to cite accurately and simply the local rules on all aspects of voting.

II. DISTRIBUTION OF SAMPLE BALLOTS: If you do your job here no votes will be lost by incorrect marking. Your senior party organization will undoubtedly need assistance in getting these properly distributed to all registered Republican voters.

III. POLL WATCHING: People assigned to this task should be thoroughly trained in advance and familiar with all phases of the law relative to registration and voting. Moreover, it is important that they be personally acquainted with most of the voters in the election district or precinct.

IV. TELEPHONE CANVASS: This is a highly effective method of getting voters to the polls. However, it is a big operation and requires lots of work and planning. The following suggestions should prove helpful in this phase of your election day activities:

1. Make up a telephone canvass tally sheet. Be sure to:
   a. List the polling address.
   b. Limit number of names of Republican voters to each canvasser.
   c. Make instructions available to the canvasser on how to "break the ice," and handle voters over the telephone.
2. Begin work at noon and continue until the polls close.

* For further amplification of these instructions, see Young Republican Campaign Handbook, pages 16-19.

V. TRANSPORTATION: This phase of your Election Day activities should begin early in the day when the polls open. It may prove helpful to your cause to provide baby sitters during the voters' absence from home.

VI. DOUBTFUL AREAS: Check with Senior Leaders in your Ward and Precinct. Offer your services. Obtain a list of the families. Go over this list with the Young Republican leaders in an effort to determine if any member knows them and will talk to them about the Republican cause and our candidates.

VII. HEADQUARTERS: Do not overlook the effectiveness of having refreshments on hand during the day. Provide complete and up-to-date information there on all Republican candidates and on the voting laws which can be dispersed to any and all callers. Also, make arrangements for tabulating and reporting the returns. This develops a comaraderie that is vital to the success of your local program.

EVERY VOTE COUNTS — Vote! Vote! Vote!

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
1337 CONNECTICUT AVENUE
WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

NEWS RELEASE

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FOR RELEASE

MORNING NEWSPAPERS
THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1948

Governor Thomas E. Dewey will address a mass meeting in the Chicago Stadium on the evening of October 26th, it was announced today by Herbert Brownell, Jr., Dewey-Warren Campaign Manager.

The Republican Presidential Candidate will be speaking in one of the largest auditoriums in the Middle West, and one which has been the scene of several National Conventions of both parties in recent years. Additional details concerning this meeting will be announced later.

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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
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WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

NEWS RELEASE

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FOR RELEASE

#46

Immediate
Oct. 25, 1948

Stars in many sports will be featured on the Dewey-Warren Sports Parade, a special broadcast to be heard over the NBC network Tuesday from 8:00 to 8:30 P.M.

Highlighting the list of stars who are supporting the Dewey-Warren team will be Joe Louis, Jack Dempsey, Willie Turnesa, "Babe" Didrickson, Dick Button, Sid Luckman, Fritz Crisler, "Rabbit" Maranville and Jinx Falkenburg.

Col. Edward P. F. Eagan, Chairman of the New York State Athletic Commission, will act as host to the stars for the evening and Ted Husing, famed sportscaster, will interview the stars.

Also appearing on the program will be Bob "Believe It Or Not" Ripley and Bob Considine, noted sports columnist. Ripley will relate some famous "believe it or nots" about sports and Considine will deliver sports anecdotes.

The program will be sponsored by the New York State Dewey-Warren Citizens Committee.

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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
1337 CONNECTICUT AVENUE
WASHINGTON 6,

NEWS RELEASE

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#47

FOR RELEASE
7:00 PM. EST
Tuesday, Oct. 26, 1948

STATEMENT BY HERBERT BROWELL,JR., CAMPAIGN MANAGER
FOR THE DEWEY-WARREN TICKET.

It is fortunate for the Nation that the American people have less than a week more during which they must submit to demonstrations of Pendergast ward politics such as those indulged in by Mr. Truman at Chicago last night and at Cleveland tonight. It is a humiliating spectacle, and it has potentialities of serious damage to our national prestige abroad.

The Democrat candidate's effort to picture himself as an outstanding champion of human rights is completely ridiculous when his words are contrasted with his record. He had a chance once to demonstrate his belief in human rights - on August 25, 1942 when the Senate was considering a Republican amendment to the soldier vote bill, the amendment being a proposal to prohibit the collection of poll taxes as a prerequisite to voting by men in the armed services. The then Senator from Missouri, Mr. Truman, voted against that amendment. So did his present running-mate, Senator Alben W. Barkley, of Kentucky.

Mr. Truman's record on this, and numerous other issues, demonstrates how much importance can be attached to his words.

I was highly amused at Mr. Truman's statement:"Tonight I want to let you in on a secret. We have the Republicans on the run."

That is certainly the best-kept secret in all history.

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NEWS RELEASE

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
1337 CONNECTICUT AVENUE
WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

#48

FOR RELEASE

Afternoon papers
October 27, 1948

Mrs. Hiram C. Houghton, Jr., of Red Oak, Iowa, first vice president of the General Federation of Women's Clubs, and a member of the Iowa State Board of Education, today made known her endorsement of the Dewey-Warren Ticket.

In a statement issued in Washington through Mrs. Charles W. Weis, Jr., Associate Campaign Manager of the Dewey-Warren Ticket, Mrs. Houghton said:

"With great enthusiasm, I am supporting the Dewey-Warren Ticket in the coming Election, as I am highly impressed with the outstanding records of both Governor Dewey and Governor Warren. They are firmly imbued with American principles. Their demonstrated capacities for administration will assure fair, constructive leadership at Washington in foreign affairs, in momentous domestic problems concerning the solvency of our government, the welfare of our homes, and especially the education and future of America's children. Under Governor Dewey and Governor Warren, there will be restoration of confidence, and revitalized courage. We will feel more secure, and America will go forward in prosperity and happiness. This will mean an enrichment of the home life of all."

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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
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NEWS RELEASE

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FOR RELEASE

Morning Papers
Thursday, October 28, 1948 #49

Margaret Culkin Banning, popular magazine writer, radio speaker and widely known interpreter of world affairs, today declared her enthusiastic support for the election of the Dewey-Warren Ticket.

In a statement issued through Mrs. Robert W. Macauley, Assistant Chairman of the Republican National Committee, Mrs. Banning said:

"Disturbed and earnest men and women ask me continually what they personally can do to work for peace. In all sincerity I answer that the November elections are the best hope we have for peace. The basic material for a peaceful world is a strong and stable United States of America. Working for and voting for men and women who can strengthen and stabilize this country is directly working for peace.

"It is completely logical and absolutely necessary to elect the Republican Ticket, Thomas E. Dewey and Earl Warren, if we want a strengthened and stabilized United States. The candidates of the other parties could and would only increase the terrible confusion and growing divisions in this country and the world.

"In Europe, where I have recently been, the importance and responsibility of the United States to world stability was obvious everywhere. If we are sound and firm in America, that soundness and firmness will be reflected in other countries. They want in Europe to know what our leadership for the next years will be, if our leaders truly believe that democracy as it is practised in this country can work, if our leaders will be men who have been proved competent in administration of public affairs.

"The best encouragement the world can possibly have at the moment, as well as the best answer to those who are unable or unwilling to support American democracy, is to elect, by an overwhelming unarguable majority Mr. Dewey and Mr. Warren.

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WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

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NEWS RELEASE

FOR RELEASE

Morning Newspapers,
Thursday, Sept.16,1948
Radio Release 6:00 PM.EDT
Wednesday,Sept.15,1948

Herbert Brownell,Jr., Dewey-Warren Campaign Manager, today announced the following additional stops in Governor Thomas E. Dewey's campaign itinerary:

Tuesday, September 28	•	Noon Address at Spokane, Washington Night Address at Missoula, Montana
Wednesday, September 29	•	Noon Address at Helena, Montana Night Address at Great Falls, Montana
Thursday, September 30	•	Noon Address at Pocatella, Idaho Night Address at Salt Lake City, Utah
Friday, October 1	•	Night Address at Cheyenne, Wyoming

Further details of the Governor's schedule on his transcontinental tour, including rear platform appearances and the times of major radio addresses, will be announced later.

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NEWS RELEASE

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
1337 CONNECTICUT AVENUE
WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

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FOR RELEASE 1151

VETERANS' DIVISION

Release No. 21

For MORNING newspapers
Monday, Oct. 25, 1948

Statements by seven prominent women leaders in the Republican Veterans' organization giving their reasons for supporting Dewey and Warren were made public today by Campaign Chairman Herbert Brownell, Jr., following conferences with Veterans' Chairman Harry J. Colmery and Mrs. Morton H. Pearl of Detroit, chairman of the Women's Section.

As reported to national headquarters, their support of the Republican candidates is based on a desire to preserve American principles, bring dynamic leadership to the national government, strengthen the prospect for peace, maintain the two-party system, and because of the personalities and broad experience of the two candidates.

Except for Mrs. Mann, a past national President of the V. F. W. Ladies' Auxiliary, each of the women quoted is a past national President of the American Legion Auxiliary, as is Mrs. Pearl.

The statements follow:

Mrs. A. J. Mathebat
1565 Broadway
Alameda, California - "In the coming election America will choose her path for the future. Therefore it is imperative that the next Administration in Washington be guided by men of ability, integrity, courage and vision. Both Governors' Dewey and Warren have proved they possess these qualities. Having a deep interest in the welfare of my country, I shall vigorously support and recommend to you these two outstanding Governors for the highest offices attainable. We can have complete confidence that these two virile Americans will guide us through the challenging years just ahead."

Mrs. Franklin Lee Bishop
2544 A Street
San Diego 2, California (formerly of Massachusetts) - "I am supporting the Dewey-Warren ticket because I am first an American. That to me is a sacred gift and trust. It goes beyond all thoughts of partisanship. If each individual voter in these United States could but meet Governor Dewey personally they would, I know, say for a certainty, as I do - 'Here is a man I can trust this United States of mine to lead and guard, to hold in trust in all the time of his leadership, without fear of failure.' As a dweller in the State of California for the past 4 years, I have been near also to Governor Warren's successes, and have seen the great admiration in which he is held by the people who know him intimately. Our country and the basic principles on which it is founded will be secure in the leadership of Governor Dewey and Governor Warren".

NEWS RELEASE

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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
1337 CONNECTICUT AVENUE
WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

#52

VETERANS' DIVISION

FOR RELEASE

Release No. 19

For newspapers of SUNDAY,
Oct. 24, 1948

Women prominent in veterans' affairs, community and club work throughout the country are serving on the Women's Advisory Committee of the national Republican veterans' organization.

Campaign Chairman Herbert Brownell, Jr. today made public a list of some of the women leaders as reported to him by Mrs. Norton H. Pearl of Detroit, Chairman of the Women's Section of Republican Veterans for Dewey and Warren.

In setting up the women's organization, Mrs. Pearl, who recently retired as national President of the American Legion Auxiliary, is working closely with Director of Veterans' Activities Harry W. Colmery of Topeka, Kas., national chairman of Republican Veterans for Dewey and Warren and a past national commander of the American Legion.

Mrs. Pearl is now a member of the national executive committee of the Legion Auxiliary and chairman of the Americanism and Rehabilitation committees. She is also active in the Women's Navy League, Daughters of the American Revolution and Federation of Women's Clubs.

Among the women associated with her in the Republican veterans' organization are 15 past national Presidents of the American Legion Auxiliary.

One of this group, Mrs. Lorell F. Hobart, 2912 Vernon Place, Cincinnati, Ohio, was formerly President General of the Daughters of the American Revolution.

Mrs. Joseph Mann of Los Angeles, a past national President of the Veterans of Foreign Wars Auxiliary, is likewise serving on the Republican Advisory committee. She formerly lived in Missouri.

Past national Presidents of the Legion Auxiliary serving on Mrs. Pearl's committee include:

Mrs. Melville Bucklestone
6529 Kenwood Ave., Chicago

Mrs. J. J. Macauley
330 N. Carroll St.
Madison, Wisconsin

Mrs. Lawrence Smith
Racine, Wisconsin

Mrs. Robert Walbridge
U. S. O. Club
Onset, Massachusetts

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NEWS RELEASE

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
1337 CONNECTICUT AVE.
WASHINGTON 6, D. C.

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FOR RELEASE #153

Morning Papers;
Thursday, Oct.21,1948
Radio Release 6:00 PM.EST
Wednesday, Oct.20, 1948

TEXT OF THE ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR THOMAS E. DEWEY, REPUBLICAN NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT, DELIVERED AT THE NEW YORK HERALD TRIBUNE FORUM, HELD AT THE WALDORF-ASTORIA HOTEL, NEW YORK CITY, WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 20, 1948.

I consider it an honor to be the closing speaker at this Forum which was opened by one of the most distinguished Americans of our time, Mr. Bernard Baruch. His message was an inspiring vision of a future in which miracles long dreamed of would come to pass by the use of atomic energy, and other miracles never dreamed of before would seem to be within the realm of probability.

It was deeply gratifying to me to observe the nice balance drawn by your first speaker between the hard necessity of guarding our atomic secrets for military purposes and the glowing prospects of the use of atomic power for a fuller, better life. We can all pray that we shall rapidly approach the time when this new giant which now helps to keep the peace of the world, will also be lifting burdens from the backs of men and in countless directions enriching the lives of human beings everywhere.

Even when that time comes the conservation of our other physical resources will still be a matter of primary concern. With unlimited power at the disposal of men, we will still need water, minerals, lumber, food and fiber. Even when we have learned to convert the elements into basic foods, we shall still need products of the soil.

For these reasons the discussion at this forum of our natural resources is particularly timely and I have read with interest the summaries of the discussions in this vital field of conservation. It is a curious thing how men who seem to disagree so sharply can in reality all be substantially right. For one example, it is an alarming fact that we have been losing billions of tons of top soil a year.

On this subject I speak with a good deal of personal interest. On my own farm, when I first went there, I had a ten acre field of corn washed out by rains twice in one Spring. To get one crop of corn we had to make three plantings. Similar conditions still exist all over the country and this very year I have seen heartbreaking erosion in wheat fields, corn fields, and even in grasslands from Maine to Oregon.

But there is a bright side to this picture, too. The field which some years ago was washed out twice in one Spring on my own farm has now been contoured and in several succeeding years there has not been a vestige of erosion. The practice of contour plowing, strip cropping and terracing is spreading so rapidly that I

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FOR RELEASE

Morning Newspapers
Saturday, Sept. 4, 1948

All signs point toward a Dewey-Warren landslide victory in New York State. That was the report Alger B. Chapman, manager of the New York State Dewey-Warren Campaign, and Glen R. Bedenkapp, chairman of the Republican State Committee for New York, jointly made today to Herbert Brownell, Jr., national manager of the Dewey-Warren campaign.

After conferring with Mr. Brownell, Mr. Chapman and Mr. Bedenkapp jointly issued the following statement at Republican national campaign headquarters in Washington:

"We were happy to report to Mr. Brownell that the campaign to carry New York State for our national standard-bearers, Governors Thomas E. Dewey and Earl Warren, is going very well.

"The enthusiasm of our campaign workers and the evidence of overwhelming support of the people for election of the Dewey-Warren ticket, and Republican candidates for Congress and public offices in New York, clearly herald victory for the Republican Party.

"All signs point toward a landslide victory for the Dewey-Warren ticket in New York State.

"Of course, we are not going to let up in our campaigning and sit on our hands. Though the Democrats are quarreling among themselves, the various splinters are all busy on the special axes they have to grind.

"Governor Dewey was reelected Governor in 1946 by the largest majority in History — 687,151 votes over the united opposition of the Democrat, American Labor, Liberal and Communist parties.

"We confidently believe on the basis of reports from all over the state and personal campaigning that on next November 2, the Dewey-Warren ticket will receive more votes than the combined votes of opposition tickets.

"New Yorkers like Governor Dewey. They like what he has done for New York as the first Republican Governor in 22 years. They like the way he has cut taxes and provided for sensible labor-management relations, a veterans' program that is a model for the Nation, necessary legislation on behalf of our farmers, and for expansion and strengthening of our school system. All our people, in every walk of life, have benefitted by Governor Dewey's humanitarian works.

"That is the kind of leadership Governor Dewey and his able, experienced running-mate, Governor Warren, will give to the Nation, with our people going forward in the American way and throwing out the alien-minded rascals who now infect our Government at Washington."

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FOR RELEASE

Morning Newspapers
Tuesday, Sept.21,1948
Radio Release 6:00 PM, EDT.
Monday, Sept.20,1948

TEXT OF THE ADDRESS BY GOVERNOR THOMAS E. DEWEY, OFFICIALLY OPENING HIS CAMPAIGN FOR THE PRESIDENCY, DELIVERED AT DRAKE STADIUM, DESMOINES,IOWA, MONDAY EVENING SEPTEMBER 20, 1948, AND BROADCAST OVER THE NATION WIDE NETWORKS OF THE COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM AND THE MUTUAL BROADCASTING COMPANY FROM 8:00 to 8:30 P.M. CST.

Tonight we enter upon a campaign to unite America. On January 20, we will enter upon a new era. We propose to install in Washington an Administration which has faith in the American people, a warm understanding of their needs and the competence to meet them.

We will rediscover the essential unity of our people and the spiritual strength which makes our country great. We will begin to move forward again shoulder to shoulder toward an even greater America and a better life for every American, in a Nation working effectively for the peace of the world. This is my pledge to my fellow citizens, the declaration of the principles and purposes of your next Administration:

I pledge to you that as President, every act of mine will be determined by one principle above all others: is this good for our country?

I pledge to you that my Administration will be made up of men and women devoted to that same principle - of men and women whose love of their country comes ahead of every other consideration. They will know how to translate their devotion to our country into constructive action.

I pledge to you a foreign policy based upon the firm belief that we can have peace. That policy will be made effective by men and women who really understand the nature of the threat to peace and who heve the vigor, the knowledge and the experience required to wage peace successfully.

I pledge to you a Government of team work. The executive heads of your Government will be really qualified for their positions and they will be given full responsibility to do their job without loose talk, factional quarreling or appeals to groun prejudice. They will know how to work together as a team and one of the most important members of that team will be the distinguished Governor of California, the next Vice President of the United States, Earl Warren.

I pledge to you an Administration which will know how to work with the elected representatives of the people in the Congress, an Administration that wants to work with them, and will do so. The unity we need for the Nation will be practiced in the Nation's Capitol.

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NEWS RELEASE

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FOR RELEASE

Morning Newspapers
Wednesday, October 27,1948
6:00 P.M., Radio
Tuesday, October 26, 1948

TEXT OF THE ADDRESS BY GOVERNOR THOMAS E. DEWEY, REPUBLICAN NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT, DELIVERED AT THE CHICAGO STADIUM, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS ON TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 26, 1948, BROADCAST OVER THE NATION-WIDE RADIO NETWORK OF THE NATIONAL BROADCASTING COMPANY, AND TELEVISED OVER THE MID-WESTERN NETWORK OF THE AMERICAN BROADCASTING COMPANY, FROM 9:00 to 9:30 P.M., C.S.T.

I am delighted to open this final week of the campaign here in Chicago at the cross-roads of America. During these past few weeks, I have set forth our program in partnership with my distinguished associate your next Vice-President, Governor Earl Warren. The purpose of this campaign is clear--it is to bring something better to our country than the confusion, inconsistencies, weakness and bitterness we now have in Washington.

Governor Warren and I have fully and frankly stated our views on the issues of this campaign. We have charted the course we believe our country should follow these next four years. That is the course to which we are committed and we are pledged to its performance.

We all know the sad record of the present administration. More than three years have passed since the end of the war and it has failed to win the peace. Instead, millions upon millions of people have been delivered into Soviet slavery while our own administration has tried appeasement on one day and bluster the next. Our country desperately needs new and better leadership in the cause of peace and freedom. It needs a Government that will lead from strength to build peace in the world so that your sons and mine will not have to go through another war.

The present administration has failed even more miserably at home. And now, faced with failure, with their party split in all directions, its candidates have spread fantastic fears among our people. They are openly sneering at the ancient American ideal of a free and united people. They have attempted to promote antagonism and prejudice. They have scattered reckless abuse along the entire right of way from coast to coast and have now, I am sorry to say, reached a new low of mud-slinging.

I know that you regret as much as I do that this should have happened. That is the kind of campaign I refuse to wage. To me this is more than just a campaign to win an election. It is a campaign to strengthen and unite our country

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FOR RELEASE
7:00 PM. EST
Tuesday, Oct. 26, 1948

STATEMENT BY HERBERT BROWNELL,JR., CAMPAIGN MANAGER
FOR THE DEWEY-WARREN TICKET.

It is fortunate for the Nation that the American people have less than a week more during which they must submit to demonstrations of Pendergast ward politics such as those indulged in by Mr. Truman at Chicago last night and at Cleveland tonight. It is a humiliating spectacle, and it has potentialities of serious damage to our national prestige abroad.

The Democrat candidate's effort to picture himself as an outstanding champion of human rights is completely ridiculous when his words are contrasted with his record. He had a chance once to demonstrate his belief in human rights - on August 25, 1942 when the Senate was considering a Republican amendment to the soldier vote bill, the amendment being a proposal to prohibit the collection of poll taxes as a prerequisite to voting by men in the armed services. The then Senator from Missouri, Mr. Truman, voted against that amendment. So did his present running-mate, Senator Alben W. Barkley, of Kentucky.

Mr. Truman's record on this, and numerous other issues, demonstrates how much importance can be attached to his words.

I was highly amused at Mr. Truman's statement:"Tonight I want to let you in on a secret. We have the Republicans on the run."

That is certainly the best-kept secret in all history.

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For morning papers of
Thursday, October 14, 1948
Radio Release 6 PM, EST

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

Republican Nominee for Vice President
(Prepared for delivery at Spokane, Wash.
8:30 PM, PST, Wednesday, October 13, 1948)

Mr. Chairman and my Fellow Americans:

It is good to be back here in the West again. I am happy to be both in the state of Washington and in the city of Spokane tonight. We have had a long trip to get here. We left San Francisco four weeks ago today. We have been from coast to coast and from border to border. We have traveled through 29 states, through more than 100 cities. It has been a wonderful experience.

Everywhere we have stopped, we have been shown the same friendly consideration and hospitality. People of both parties have come to visit with me. They have been friendly and have given me a good American hearing. The farther I have traveled, the more I have become convinced that because of the way we live under free institutions that give us the right and the opportunity to travel where we will, communicate with whom we wish, work at what we desire, and have a voice in our government, our country has become one great neighborhood.

That belief is the more inspiring when we consider that there are few places in the world outside of this country where such is the fact. It is my belief that in a great national campaign such as we are now engaged in, it is the duty of the candidates to strengthen that unity in every possible way. It is our solemn duty to see that on the third day of November our people are more united and our country therefore stronger than it was before we opened the campaign. The main objective of free government and of every democratic process inherent in it is to unite the people for strength rather than to divide and weaken them.

Consequently, wherever we have traveled, I have done my best to strengthen that unity. I have pleaded our cause without abuse or villification of anyone. I have attacked the motives of no one. I have not blamed the administration or any party or any individual for the problems that confront the American people. It serves no purpose to live in the past. We must live for today and the future. It is only fair to recognize - and I have stated frankly - that many of our most serious problems spring from the fact that we recently fought a great war for free-

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FOR RELEASE

FLAT SATURDAY A. M. RELEASE

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

Republican Nominee for Vice President

(Prepared for delivery at Pueblo at
8:45 p.m. EST Friday, Sept. 17,1948)

Mr. Chairman and fellow Americans of Pueblo:

I am happy to be in your fine city. This is my first opportunity to visit here. I have on occasions passed through on the train. I have also flown over it; and have always wanted to know more about what is the most important part of any city, its people. But neither time nor the occasion permitted me to have an extended visit here.

Tonight I come under particularly favored circumstances. I came at the invitation of the Republicans of your city to discuss our national government, the most priceless possession of every American. I come at the express request of the man who, I believe, -- and I'm sure you believe--is to be the next President of the United States -- Governor Thomas E. Dewey. I come here on one of the great days of history, not only of American history but of world history. It is the anniversary of the signing of the Constitution of the United States. 161 years ago today, the founding fathers filed out of little old Constitutional Hall at Philadelphia after attaching their signatures to the immortal document. Anxious people were waiting outside the door to learn the results of the months of discussion. Everyone knew there were serious differences of opinion to be reconciled--that the convention was made up of strong-minded men who could not be easily swayed or changed, men who represented diverse constituencies and conflicting interests. But they also knew they had all played their part in the War of Independence and that, above all, they were patriots. They filed out the door weary and serious. A woman, addressing Benjamin Franklin, said, "Doctor, what kind of a government have you given us?" His answer was, "A Republic, madame, if you can keep it." Those words of Franklin's were true in 1781. They can be repeated with equal truth in 1948. We still have a Republic, if we can keep it--and those of you who are here tonight are giving evidence of the fact that we are still working to keep it.

I think it's unfortunate that we don't make more of Constitution Day. I regret that the story of the Constitution, and everything that it stands for, was not re-told today to the children in every schoolroom of America. I think every church bell in America could well ring today in recognition of the right of every

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FOR RELEASE

Afternoon Papers,
Friday, October 22, 1948

Herbert Brownell, Jr., Dewey-Warren Campaign Manager, today made public the itinerary for Governor Dewey's final campaign week.

The final week of campaigning, which will bring the Republican nominee for President into Chicago, Cleveland, Boston and New York city for major windup speeches, will also bring him into Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut for back platform appearances enroute.

The Dewey Victory Special Campaign train will leave Albany early Tuesday morning, 12:01 A.M. EST, for Chicago. He will arrive in Chicago at 4:00 PM.EST and will stay over night in the Stevens Hotel. That evening will deliver a major address at a rally held in the Chicago Stadium which will be broadcast over the nationwide networks of the National Broadcasting Company. The speech will also be televised over the midwestern network of the American Broadcasting Company. The Governor will speak from 10:00 to 10:30 PM. EST.

On Wednesday, October 27, Governor Dewey will leave Chicago at 10:00 AM and will arrive in Cleveland at 5:00 PM. EST. That evening he will address a rally at the Cleveland Auditorium. His address, from 9:00 to 9:30 PM.EST. will be broadcast over the nationwide network of the National Broadcasting Company. He will leave Cleveland that evening at 10:30 PM.EST.

On Thursday, October 28th, Governor Dewey will make back platform appearances at Pittsfield, Springfield, Worcester, and Framingham, all in Massachusetts, during the day before he arrives in Boston at 4:30 PM. EST.

At Boston he will address a rally held in the Boston Arena. His address will be broadcast from 9:00 to 9:30 PM.EST over the nationwide network of the Columbia Broadcasting Company. He will stay in Boston overnight at the Statler Hotel.

On Friday, October 29th, Governor Dewey will leave Boston at 9:30 AM.EST and will make the following back platform appearances during the day enroute to New York City: North Attleboro, Mass.; Providence and Westerly, Rhode Island; New London and several other stops in Connecticut. He will arrive in New York City at 5:45 PM.EST.

On Saturday, October 30th, Governor Dewey will address the final windup rally in Madison Square Garden in the evening. His address will be broadcast from 9:30 to 10:00 PM. EST over the nationwide network of the National Broadcasting Company and televised over the eastern network of Columbia Broadcasting Company.

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FOR RELEASE

Friday Morning Papers,
October 22, 1948
Radio Release 6:00 PM.EST
Thursday, October 21,1948

FOLLOWING IS THE TEXT OF AN ADDRESS BY SENATOR EUGENE D. MILLIKIN, REPUBLICAN, OF COLORADO, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE REPUBLICAN CONFERENCE AND CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON FINANCE, AT THE FINANCIAL WORLD'S ANNUAL REPORT AWARD DINNER, PENNSYLVANIA HOTEL, NEW YORK CITY, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 21.

Prior to World War I, the two major political parties often searched for, and were happy to find, issues in foreign affairs which could be exploited for partisan advantage. The vital inter-relationships of nations were not so evident, there was protection in distance, and we had not attained world leadership.

But the failure of World War I to bring the lasting peace which it was intended to produce, and the contribution to that tragic result of partisan differences in this country, challenged the soundness of the old approach.

Moreover, World War I moved us into world leadership and its unavoidable responsibility for the formulation, promotion, and administration of acceptable international policies.

We have learned that likemindedness among nations is not automatic. We have observed that nations dealing with us are cold realists in the appraisal of our programs. Hard-headed, entirely unsentimental consideration is given to pertinent factors such as the political situation in this country, our economic strength, our moral strength, our existing and potential military strength.

When we focus these assets in unity toward the accomplishment of our aims, and if they fortify a sound cause, we are apt to be irresistible.

But when other nations find us engaged in partisan conflict as to what is or should be our international policy, they find it too risky to tie themselves to us. They cannot stake their destinies on our policies when they are heavily weighted with unstable factors here at home. Opposition when it develops, cannot be overcome with disunity.

Thought on such matters has produced a reorientation of approach by the major parties. Now, in contrast to the old way of exploitation of difference, the search is for areas of agreement which when found, become bipartisan foreign policy.

It is a wholesome change. Bipartisan foreign policy fits the perils of the times. The peace of the world may well depend upon its intelligent development.

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FOR RELEASE

IMMEDIATE
September 18, 1948.

REPRESENTATIVE LEONARD W. HALL OF NEW YORK, CHAIRMAN OF THE NATIONAL REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE, ISSUED THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT.

"Oscar R. Ewing, Administrator of the Federal Security Administration, which has jurisdiction over the Federal Office of Education, is exhibiting colossal ignorance in his running attack upon Governor Thomas E. Dewey's outstanding record in aid to education and improvement of the lot of school teachers.

"Mr. Ewing seems to have a penchant for repeating his misrepresentations even after the facts have been put before him. His flare for fabricating again was revealed in an address at Highland Park, N. J., today.

"It is an interesting commentary on the Democrat Administration that the chief function of the head of the Federal Security Administration is to act as a political hatchet man. I know of no other service performed by Mr. Ewing.

"Governor Dewey's record in the fields of welfare and health in New York State needs no defense. He raised the salaries of New York State school teachers so that they are today the highest in the world, and the State has been paying 83 per cent of the increase, which Mr. Ewing might have found out if he were interested in the facts.

"Mr. Ewing becomes downright pitiful when he attacks Governor Dewey in connection with the fair employment law, which was passed in New York State under Governor Dewey's leadership, and which has been administered to the complete satisfaction of all. Truly, the Democrat Administration has done nothing in this field except to talk about it - nothing but talk."

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FOR RELEASE

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Thurs. A.M. Papers,
Oct. 28, 1948
Radio 6:00 P.M., E.S.T.
Wed. Oct. 27, 1948

TEXT OF THE ADDRESS BY GOVERNOR THOMAS E. DEWEY, REPUBLICAN NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT, DELIVERED AT THE CLEVELAND AUDITORIUM, CLEVELAND, OHIO, ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 27, 1948, AND BROADCAST OVER THE NATIONWIDE NETWORK OF THE NATIONAL BROADCASTING COMPANY.

Governor Warren and I have had the high honor of presenting fully and in detail the issues of this campaign. We have done so soberly and constructively and I believe we have advanced the cause of the peace of the world by advancing the unity of our country. I am proud to say we have not been guilty of using our high responsibility to rip our country apart or to arouse fear and prejudices. We will win this campaign and we will win it by clean and decent methods.

For the past six years, Earl Warren and I have led two of the most complex State Governments in the Nation. We have sought to lead them without bitterness, without partisanship and with an honorable respect for the opinions of those who differ from us. I think we have brought a new sense of unity and of friendliness, neighbor for neighbor and community for community among the people of our states. We shall bring to our National Government next January that same atmosphere of friendliness among all the people of the United States and of competence and strength for the peace of the world.

We are proud to come before our country as Republicans. But, we do so in no narrow sense of partisanship. In the eighty years of its existence, the party of Lincoln has consistently led in the struggle to keep the flag of freedom flying. Our party was born in the vortex of a struggle to advance the cause of human freedom. Once again that cause calls for devotion and ceaseless effort and we invite all Americans, regardless of party, to rally to that banner.

We do not assert that there is only one party in the United States that is fit to govern. We do not believe in one party rule. That is totalitarianism. Both great parties have alternately served our country well. But administrations grow weary in office. They lose their grasp. They become fumbling and weak. Responsibility finally falls into faltering hands while internal strife and bitterness destroy their capacity to govern. That is why we have two parties in this country, the one vigorous and able to take over when the other falters and fails.

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1 P.M., CST Friday, Sept. 10, 1948

EXCERPTS FROM THE ADDRESS OF HUGH D. SCOTT, JR. CHAIRMAN REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE, BEFORE THE EXECUTIVES CLUB, OF CHICAGO, SEPTEMBER 10, 1948.

SIX STEPS TO STABILITY

If America is to resume the march of progress we must restore a degree of long-term stability in our economy. That is the broad task before the new Administration which will take over in Washington next January. We can not anticipate a thriving and constructive national economy so long as we operate on a floating dollar -- a dollar which has lost more than 40 percent of its purchasing power during the last ten years.

As a direct result of this very considerable degree of inflation we are confronted today with a vast complex of social and political problems which can be ameliorated only by a restoration of economic stability. The whole field of education, from the grade schools through the colleges, is dislocated by today's rapidly advancing costs. Some careful students of the problem estimate that an increase of 25 percent in our total educational expenditures would not be sufficient to restore the whole system to its pre-war basis of adequacy and efficiency.

The same situation prevails in relation to hospital and medical costs, and to all sorts of public services.

All these deficits pile up from year to year in new demands for additional tax revenues all along the line, from the county seat to the Federal Treasury. From Coast to Coast, county commissions and city councils are constantly seeking out new sources of revenue. In many instances the tax base is being expanded to yield more revenue without changing the tax rate percentagewise.

But the local communities are face to face with the fact that they are almost to the end of the line on the matter of taxes. It is becoming increasingly difficult to locate new

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FOR RELEASE

8:00 P.M., EDT Thursday, Sept. 9,1948

#165

EXCERPT FROM THE ADDRESS OF HUGH D. SCOTT, JR. CHAIRMAN REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE, BEFORE MARYLAND REPUBLICAN RALLY, BALTIMORE, SEPTEMBER 9, 1948.

I count it a happy privilege to address this gathering tonight, because all the reports we have received thus far at headquarters from Maryland indicate that the State will be solidly in the Dewey-Warren column on November second.

This is especially reassuring to those of us who have been organizing the Dewey-Warren campaign in Washington, for it is a fact that Maryland is a true index of national trends in presidential elections. It has become a political axiom that, "As goes Maryland, so goes the Nation."

You are to be commended for your militant organizational work, for your hard-hitting campaign tactics, for your aggressive and uncompromising fight for true-blue Americanism.

Strong in the justice of our cause, we will carry this fight to every voter in Maryland, to every voter in the U.S. We must beware of over confidence, of course, because ballots will not be counted unless voters go to the polls. But this year we intend to see that every vote is counted.

I had the privilege of spending two hours with Governor Dewey in Albany a short time ago. When I told him I was planning this trip to Maryland, he did not differ in any degree from my assurance that Maryland is on our side in this fight, because Maryland has a deep tradition of more than three-hundred years of steadfast devotion to freedom and individual liberty. Maryland will not throw her electoral weight into the scales on the side of the collectivist experimenters now in control in Washington.

This has been, in many respects, an amazing campaign. We started out in June with a firm pledge to the American people to conduct a clean, constructive, hard-hitting campaign. The response to that pledge has been most gratifying.

I am one who holds high aspirations for this 1948 campaign. It is my earnest hope that by conducting an honest American campaign we might set it down in history that we helped make this great land of ours the land where hate died. Let others set class against class. Let others inflame the unwary by avid appeals to greed and privilege. Let us consider what is best for Americans and be very sure that such a course is best for America.

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FOR RELEASE

Morning Papers
Friday, October 29, 1948

Miss Sophie Kerr, nationally known writer and editor, in a statement released today through Mrs. Charles W. Weis, Jr., Associate Campaign Manager of the Dewey-Warren Ticket, announced her support of the Dewey-Warren Ticket.

Her statement is as follows:

"As a woman I have appreciated Mr. Dewey's attitude toward women. He has appointed more women to public office than any Governor in the United States and more than any previous Governor of the State of New York. The offices to which Mr. Dewey appointed women were not mere frill-and-fluff places without responsibility. They were real jobs with plenty of hard work required; some were salaried and some were not but all were serious and meant something.

"As a citizen of the State of New York I have profited by Mr. Dewey's common sense, economy and justice in State Administration. He is honest and he is mighty able. He can't be bought and he can't be scared. No White House clique is going to do his thinking for him and tell him what to say and do. He is energetic and a hard worker. He is an experienced executive. I believe he will make a truly great President and heaven knows we need one.

"As for Governor Warren, though I live a long way from California his record is known to me and respected. The Dewey-Warren Ticket is a promise of a competent intelligent and thoroughly patriotic administration for all the people of these United States."

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FOR RELEASE

Afternoon Newspapers
Wednesday, Oct. 13, 1948

TEXT OF THE ADDRESS BY GOVERNOR THOMAS E. DEWEY, REPUBLICAN NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT, TO BE DELIVERED IN OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLAHOMA, WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, OCTOBER 13, 1948.

It is a real pleasure to come again to Oklahoma City. In the last few weeks I have again travelled the whole great reach of our country -- from the East Coast to the West Coast, from border to border, and back again to this beautiful city in the heart of America. I have seen and talked with thousands upon thousands of our fellow citizens, and I bring you good news from them. Throughout this nation a great tide is rising -- everywhere our people are joining up in this campaign to bring new strength, new faith and new unity to America.

It is an inspiring display of the deep and fervent desire of everyone of us to meet squarely the problems that face America. As we meet tonight, one overshadowing thought troubles all of us. At home, at school or at work, probably few of us have gone through this day without some thought about world peace. We all know that we are living in a deeply troubled world. We know there are aggressive forces threatening the peace. I deeply believe that we have learned as a nation the most urgent lesson of our time -- that America must be strong. The plain fact is that strength -- economic, military, moral strength -- is a stark, grim necessity if we are to live and go forward. Free nations must be strong -- or they will lose their freedoms. Peace-loving nations must be strong -- or there can be no peace.

In order to be strong again, we are determined to cast off the shackles of confusion and defeatism and despair. We are going to unite behind a new administration that is devoted, above all, to the cause of strengthening America, an administration that is dedicated to building a better America in a world at peace.

One of the most urgent of truths is that freedom and peace nourish each other. The really great strides of human progress have been made by free men living at peace. We are devoted to the cause of peace and we are eternally dedicated to the cause of freedom.

America has given to the world many proofs of its desire to live at peace with all nations. Our people, by a great united effort, won a tremendous military victory. Yet the whole world knows that America asked no tribute, no reparation, no imperial conquest as the reward of that victory. The whole world knows that America does not covet a single acre of any other nation's soil.

We have sought no tribute from our beaten enemies. Instead, America

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Morning Newspapers
Tuesday, October 12, 1948

6:00 P.M., Radio
Monday, October 11, 1948

ADDRESS OF SENATOR ROBERT A. TAFT FROM MEMORIAL AUDITORIUM, NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE, OCTOBER 11, 1948, at 9:00 PM, CST.

It is a great pleasure to me to come to Tennessee and meet again so many of my Republican friends, and express my gratitude to them for the support which they gave me in 1940 and 1948. It is a pleasure for any Cincinnatian or any Taft to visit here because for a long time there has been a close commercial and friendly connection. On many political issues we have thought alike and had the same problems to meet.

In the 90's when my father was a Federal Circuit Judge, he held court many times here in Nashville and throughout the State of Tennessee, and counted among his best friends the lawyers and others, Republicans and Democrats, who appeared before him or worked with him at that time. Later when he was President, he appointed his Democrat colleague on the Circuit Court bench, Horace H. Lurton, of Tennessee, to the United States Supreme Court. The Secretary of War in his Cabinet was Jacob Dickinson, also a Democrat and from Nashville. He became very sympathetic to the problems of the South, and was popular with Southerners. He told me once that he thought Southerners would do anything for him except vote for him.

As a matter of fact, even at that time most Southerners had the same basic political philosophy as William McKinley, Theodore Roosevelt and my father. They were as much opposed to the radicalism of William Jennings Bryan as they are opposed to Harry Truman today. They believed then, as they believe now, in the freedom of the individual, and the freedom of the local community, to live their own life and run their own affairs. They were opposed then, as they are now, to building up the Federal Government to a position where it plans, directs and regulates the lives of every farmer, every workman, every business, every housewife and every family.

But the issue was not so clear then as it is today. The Federal Government was a simple organization of fairly limited powers, and its greatest extension of control was over the railroads and big business obviously beyond the ability of the States to regulate. There were differences between the parties growing out of

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NEWS RELEASE

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FOR RELEASE
Immediate
October 11, 1948

Additional evidence of powerful labor support for the Dewey-Warren Ticket was cited today by Herbert Brownell, Jr., Republican National Campaign Manager, who predicted that a majority of union labor will vote the Republican ticket on November 2. Mr. Brownell called attention to the October 10th issue of "The Steelworker News", published from the Philip Murray Building, Gary Indiana, which carries on its front page a letter signed by E. T. Colosimo, who took a leave of absence from his position as Editor of this publication to support the Dewey-Warren Ticket.

In addition to referring to Mr. Colosimo's letter, Mr. Brownell also made public a letter received by the Labor Division of the Republican National Committee endorsing and supporting the Dewey-Warren Ticket, and signed by the following influential officers of CIO unions: Clarence W. Johnson, Herman M. Anderson, Robert E. Cox, Garrett J. Major, Frank Getridge, Otis Thomas and John R. Buksar.

Commenting on these increasing indications of labor support, Mr. Brownell said:

> "We are delighted that so many influential labor leaders are endorsing the Republican ticket and promising it their support. It will be recalled that only this morning it was announced that an independent trade union committee known as "Labor For Dewey and Warren" is in process of organization in New York State, under the leadership of John J. O'Rourke, President of the New York City Teamsters Council and of Truck Drivers Local 282, International Brotherhood of Teamsters, Chauffeurs and Helpers.
>
> "It will also be recalled that when Governor Dewey passed through St. Louis about a week ago a group of labor leaders and members, including representatives of both A.F.of L. and C.I.O.unions held an unscheduled meeting with Governor Dewey and formally endorsed the Dewey-Warren candidacies. Several weeks ago W. L. McFetridge, President of the Building Service Employees International Union, and the executive board of that union, announced their support of the Dewey-Warren Ticket. Labor committees for Dewey and Warren are now functioning actively in practically every industrial State. Organized labor is demonstrating conclusively that it prefers action to promises, and that it is tired of an Administration which has treated it as a political company union. It is highly gratifying in the closing weeks of the campaign to have these indications that leaders and members of both the A.F.of L. and C.I.O. unions realize the importance to the country of unity under theDewey Administration."

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FOR [illegible]
Morning papers of Wednesday,
October 13, 1948

President Truman's remark "I like old Joe Stalin" is quoted in a Republican campaign folder distributed to veterans throughout the country today through the Republican campaign organization.

Campaign Director Herbert Brownell, Jr., made the document public, together with another circular captioned "Dewey Gets Things Done".

Distribution of both documents was directed by Harry W. Colmery, national chairman of Republican Veterans for Dewey and Warren and director of veterans' activities at Republican national headquarters.

The Truman comment on Stalin is taken from a speech by the Democrat candidate at Eugene, Oregon, June 11, 1948, when he was quoted as saying, apropos of his experience at the Potsdam conference at which the German control zones were agreed on:

"I got very well acquainted with Joe Stalin, and I like old Joe. He is a decent fellow."

On the opposite page the former Democrat ambassador to Russia and France, William C. Bullitt, is quoted as having said in a recent magazine article that:

"The President did not have the foresight to insist that the American zone of occupation in Germany must be connected with Berlin by a land corridor controlled by the American army."

Above this text is reproduced a cartoon showing Truman standing in the middle of a room whose floor he has just painted. The legend is "Painted himself in".

"Old Joe" Stalin is shown in the cartoon as an amused onlooker.

Title of this circular is "Innocence Abroad". It asks the question in connection with the Berlin airlift: "Seeds of World War III?" The moral: "ABC's of Voting--The alternative of blundering is competence."

In the appeal to World War II veterans based on Governor Dewey's record in New York, the Republican nominee for President is given credit for "GI housing, GI jobs, GI bonus, GI schools, GI health, and cutting GI taxes."

James F. O'Neil of New Hampshire, national commander of the American Legion, is quoted as having said last January:

"New York State has set the standard for the Nation with its program to assist the returned veteran in reestablishing himself."

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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
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FOR RELEASE

Immediate
October 14, 1948

Governor Earl Warren, Republican Vice-Presidential Candidate, will address the National Convention of the American Legion in Miami, Florida, on Wednesday, October 20, it was announced today by Herbert Brownell, Jr., Dewey-Warren Campaign Manager, and Gordon X. Richmond, Governor Warren's representative at Campaign Headquarters.

The California Governor, a World War I veteran and a member of the Legion will leave Sacramento in a chartered plane during the late afternoon of Monday, October 18, and will arrive at Miami the morning of Tuesday, October 19. He will spend Tuesday participating in the various Convention functions scheduled for that day. His address on Wednesday morning is scheduled for 11:30 and shortly thereafter he will leave by plane for Colorado where he will probably deliver one speech later that same day. Immediately after the Colorado speech he will return to Sacramento to remain until he starts on his pre-election tour of California the latter part of the week.

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For morning papers of
Saturday, October 9, 1948
Radio Release, 6 PM, EST

FOR RELEASE

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

Republican Nominee for Vice President
(Prepared for delivery at Duluth, Minn.
9:00 P.M. CST, Friday, October 8, 1948)

Mr. Chairman and my fellow Americans:

I am happy to be in this great northern country. It is only a circumstance that I am not a native of it. My mother was reared here. She and my father were married here. My older sister was born here. But the lure of the great West took hold of my father, as it has done to so many Mid-westerners before and since. So, the family moved to California where I was born a year or two later.

Birthplace is often a controlling circumstance in the lives of people. Only the circumstance of birthplace made me a Californian and a Far-westerner instead of a Minnesotan and a Mid-westerner.

If it had not been for the fact that a similar lure attracted my grandparents to this country from Norway and Sweden, I might have been born over there. Had those of us here to night, our parents or grandparents, not come to this country, many of us would have come under Nazi domination during the war and would today be either behind the Iron Curtain, or living in daily fear of a new aggression.

Because circumstance did bring my grandparents to Minnesota, when my own parents were babes in arms, I am more appreciative than otherwise of the blessings of living in this country - far removed from the ever-present danger of aggression confronting the people of Western Europe. It is easier for me to understand how much like us the people of those countries are, and how important it is to world security that their determination to have freedom, as well as their longing for it, be kept alive. I have more appreciation of the importance of our European Recovery Program, not only because of what it will do for them, but because of my belief in what it can do for us.

Strong as we are in the United States, healthy as our American life may be, there is still no assurance that we can continue to be strong, healthy and free in a stricken, unhealthy, shackled world where, one after another, the nations of our forebears are pulled behind the Iron Curtain And let us remember that most Americans, regardless of when they or their forebears came to this country, spring from the stock of the people of those nations.

But, beyond that, we must also remember that this modern age brings closer and closer to our shores and our plains the threat of aggression and conquest. Airplanes, supersonic speeds, radar, guided missiles, and the atom bomb have shrunk this world to the size of a colony of early days. And although the accident of

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FOR RELEASE

PM's October 12, 1948

TEXT OF THE ADDRESS OF GOVERNOR THOMAS E. DEWEY, REPUBLICAN NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT, DELIVERED IN LOUISVILLE, KY., ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1948.

The most important job that faces the American nation today is to create a lasting peace. Everything we do and hope to do in these United States hangs on that one fundamental. There must be peace with justice in the world. We must wage peace with all the skill and courage and determination with which we waged and won the war.

The task requires a mighty sense of unity, welding our people together in this single purpose. There can be no division among us upon our objectives and we shall also have agreement on the methods of reaching them. We must stand solidly behind our bipartisan representatives at all international conferences. In this endeavor, we have abandoned partisanship to speak through a bipartisan foreign policy. That was the great objective when I first proposed to Secretary Hull during the election campaign four years ago that we have cooperation between our two parties to win the peace. That was the beginning of our bipartisan foreign policy.

It was here in Louisville four years ago that I first publicly discussed in detail my hopes for lasting peace through this kind of cooperation between our great political parties. It was cooperation between political parties to keep politics out of the peace. I said then that only through a non-partisan approach to the shaping of a peace structure could America achieve unity of purpose. I told of the practical beginning I had made with Secretary Hull in bipartisan cooperation to establish an international organization for peace and security. As a result, both parties had begun working together. A pattern had been laid which could be followed year after year, regardless of the party in power.

That was the right course then. After four years of practical operation, it is now even clearer that this is the right course for our country. In this election year, the bipartisan foreign policy is the only means by which we can speak with a united voice in the crisis we face. Unless the Republicans had been giving full cooperation to the Democrat Administration, we should have no strength in the present grave meetings of the United Nations. Our adversaries would have been able to seize upon our election campaign confusion to pursue their aggressions, and the enduring peace we hope for would certainly be lost. But it has not been lost and our unity has been saved by this program.

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FOR RELEASE

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Morning Papers
Fri., Oct. 15, 1948
Radio Release
6:00 P.M. EST., Oct. 14

TEXT OF THE ADDRESS BY GOVERNOR THOMAS E. DEWEY, REPUBLICAN NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT, DELIVERED IN THE MUNICIPAL AUDITORIUM, KANSAS CITY, MO. ON THURS. EVENING OCT. 14, 1948, FROM 8:30 to 9:00 P.M., C.S.T., AND BROADCAST OVER THE NATION-WIDE NETWORK OF THE COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM.

In this campaign to unite America, I have talked with many people about many problems, wherever I have gone I have repeated my belief---my unshakeable belief that for America no job is too big when we are a united people.

I can report to you tonight that this is also the confident belief of our people. As a nation we are not looking back, we are looking forward. We are looking ahead prayerfully and hopefully to a peaceful world. We are determined to make that peace secure by the strength that comes only from competent leadership expressing the will of a united people.

We are looking ahead to the fruits of peace -- to an America where there are more and more of the good things of life for every one of us and ever widening opportunities for ourselves and our children. The whole American people are looking ahead. They are determined to get together, to get some leadership and to get going. Our goal is an America so strong and so united that it can meet the problems of today and the challenge of tomorrow. Our first and most important step along the road to that great goal is to get a national Administration whose faith is equal to the faith of our people.

We know the kind of Government we have now. It is tired. It is confused. It scolds and complains. It runs off in a dozen different directions at once. It tries to frighten people. It divides them. It is coming apart at the seams. Whatever may be its intentions, the tragic fact is that it is not strengthening the cause of peace and it is not strengthening America.

We can and we will get better Government. We can get really good Government through this election. And when we get it -- on that very day -- there will be a new spirit of confidence in America. It is not too much to say there will be a new hope in the world.

All the world looks to America in this time of trouble, but we cannot fill our role in the world unless we have good, competent Government. We cannot build the kind of country you and I want for our children unless we have able

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FOR RELEASE
Afternoon Papers,
Friday, Oct.15, 1948

ADDRESS OF HUGH SCOTT, CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE, BEFORE THE NATIONAL FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S REPUBLICAN CLUBS AT ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA, FRIDAY OCTOBER 15, 1948.

The American people look forward confidently to a new Administration in Washington next January. The Dewey-Warren victory campaign has won the cordial approval of the entire nation. Governors Dewey and Warren promised a campaign without bitterness, hate or smear. They have mobilized a new national unity for abundance, security and peace.

Victory is in the air - not a partisan victory but a victory for orderly constitutional government in harmony with the deepest traditions of American life and history. Let's make it a driving finish. We seek a mandate for a housecleaning in Washington - a mandate of such proportions that it will be understood beyond all doubt the world around.

A vote of confidence from the American people entails large responsibilities for the Republican Party. We are to take over administrative direction of a governmental establishment which touches directly the security and welfare of more than 40 million homes in this favored land, and the whole course of human destiny the world around. Since they have contributed so magnificently to the great victory, the women of America share these vast new responsibilities of our Party equally with the men, the Young Republicans, the veterans, and every other segment of our population.

How shall we live up to those great responsibilities? How shall we meet these wonderful new opportunities for faithful public service to all our people?

It has been my happy privilege during the last ten days to ride on the campaign trains of both Governor Dewey and Governor Warren. I have seen these fine Americans in warm and friendly contact with the people. I have heard the cheers and applause as they outlined in straightforward and wholly candid terms the principles which are to guide the new Administration. No American who has had contact with these friendly and sincere men could doubt that they are steeped in the traditions of truly representative government, and that they seek to serve the common weal with steadfast devotion to the ideals of American freedom.

As you all know, the Dewey-Warren ticket has won the formal public endorsement of some of the most influential Democrat newspapers in the United States, among them the New York Times, the Baltimore Sun, the Cleveland Plain-Dealer, the Houston

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VETERANS DIVISION

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RELEASE for afternoon papers
Friday, October 15, 1948

A new leaflet for war veterans made public today by Republican Campaign Director Herbert Brownell, Jr., reminds the veterans that under Republican leadership the 80th Congress cut 4.8 billion dollars from the nation's tax bill despite three vetoes by President Truman.

The leaflet was prepared under the direction of National Chairman Harry E. Colmery of the Republican Veterans for Dewey and Warren, Director of Veterans' Activities at Republican Headquarters here.

The record of the Republican Congress on legislation of particular interest to veterans is reviewed as follows:

Housing -- Guaranteed 80% to 95% on home loans. In 1948 more than 1 million homes will have been built. Continued rent control.

Taxes -- Removed 7,400,000 low-income wage earners from tax rolls by 4.8 billion dollar slash.

GI Bill of Rights -- Increased payments and benefits. Cashed terminal leave bonds. Raised ceilings on wages. Allowed travel expenses for vocational trainees. Provided autos for amputees. Increased revolving fund for loans for GI's taking vocational training. Amended law to prevent discrimination against disabled Veterans government employees.

Pensions --Increased for Spanish-American and Civil War Veterans. Granted for dependents of war dead. Granted to dependents of Veterans who are eligible for service-connected disability not less than 60%. Granted to retired reserves. Increased Federal aid to States for assistance to veterans. Increased peacetime service-connected disability compensation from 75% to 100% of wartime rates.

Women's Army Corps -- Established Women's Army Corps on permanent basis.

Insurance--Authorized additional period of 5 years for level-premium term insurance.

Prisoners-of-War -- Provided compensation for Americans for injuries resulting from wartime imprisonment; authorized subsistence allowance.

National Defense -- Passed Unification Act. Appropriated 24 billion dollars for defense measures, with emphasis on air power.

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FOR RELEASE

#77

Morning Papers,
Thursday, October 21, 1948
Radio Release 6:00 PM.EST
Wednesday, Oct.20, 1948

STATEMENT BY GOVERNOR THOMAS E. DEWEY.

Robert H. Woods, Republican nominee for the United States Senate from Virginia, has richly earned that nomination by his long and devoted attention to the exacting tasks of Republican State Chairman. In his public activities he has manifested qualities of leadership which show clearly that he will be a fine addition to the Senate of the United States. I look forward with great pleasure to the prospect of working with him next January. We will need such men in Washington.

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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
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FOR RELEASE

For morning papers of
Sunday, October 10, 1948
Radio release 6 PM, EST

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

Republican Nominee for Vice President
(Prepared for delivery at Sioux City, Iowa,
8:30 PM, CST, Saturday, October 9, 1948)

Mr. Chairman and Fellow Americans:

It is good to be in the great State of Iowa and in your thriving Sioux City. I have travelled more than 8,000 miles on this trip, across 26 states. We have been from San Francisco to New York, up into New England, down to Maryland, and from the Canadian border to the Mexican border. This is about the 100th city where we have stopped and visited with the people.

It has been a great experience, a thrilling one for any American. We have seen every kind of country, but everywhere the people have been the same. They have been friendly, they have been fair, and they have turned out to see us - without regard to their political affiliation - just to show their interest in their government and to give another American an opportunity to be heard.

That, my fellow-Americans, is one of the finest traits in the American character. I cannot help thinking as I go through these cities and towns and look into the faces of my fellow-Americans that there are few places in the world today, outside of this country, free enough from fear and suspicion to permit such friendly gatherings.

I am especially happy to have the opportunity of visiting the State of Iowa once more because my father was raised in the little town of Eagle Grove and I still have relatives in that area.

Of course, everyone in California has relatives in Iowa, or maybe I should put it the other way, and say that everyone in Iowa has relatives in California. We have the biggest Iowa community in the world in our state. If you have ever attended an Iowa picnic in Southern California you would believe it. I have seen one hundred thousand people at the annual Iowa Picnic at Long Beach on more than one occasion.

The kinship between California and Iowa and the other states of the middle west has been building up for many years, and it proves that our nation has become one great American neighborhood.

But, there is something else that comes to my mind as I travel through your state. This visit recalls to me the miracle of food production that made it possible for this

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FOR RELEASE

Morning Newspapers Wed.,
October 20, 1948

Radio Release 6:00 P.M.,
October 19, 1948

STATEMENT BY HERBERT BROWNELL, JR., CAMPAIGN MANAGER FOR THE DEWEY-WARREN TICKET:

The Administration has reached a new low in politics with a brazen attempt to sand-bag Civil Service employees in Washington into contributing money to finance the faltering Democrat campaign. Conclusive evidence of such procedure is in the possession of the Republican National Committee in the form of a letter on the stationery of the Democrat National Committee and signed by Aaron L. Ford, Chairman, Radio Time Committee, of the Democrat organization. This letter was sent to a Civil Service employee and contains a request for a contribution to buy radio time for candidate Truman's speeches.

One paragraph of the letter, which constitutes a very thinly veiled threat of reprisals against those who do not contribute, reads as follows:

> "Will not you, having enjoyed the opportunities of the Democratic Administration, help keep it in office by making a liberal contribution for the President to continue a limited number of important broadcasts?"

This whole sordid episode is additional evidence of what can happen when the ethics of the Pendergast Machine become dominant in Washington.

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FOR RELEASE

IMMEDIATE

October 18, 1948

Herbert Brownell, Jr., Campaign Manager for the Dewey-Warren Ticket, announced today that Governor Dewey will make a major campaign address in Cleveland, Ohio, on Wednesday, October 27th. The address will be broadcast over the full NBC Network:

9:00 - 9:30 PM, EST

8:00 - 8:30 PM, CST

7:00 - 7:30 PM, MST & PDT

6:00 - 6:30 PM, PST

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FOR RELEASE
For MORNING papers of
MONDAY, Oct. 18, 1948

Veterans throughout the country were reminded in a new appeal distributed from Republican headquarters today that "combined operations", as necessary for winning the peace as winning the war, call for election of a Republican Congress to support Dewey and Warren when they assume their new responsibilities after the first of the year.

Prepared under direction of National Chairman Harry W. Colmery of Republican Veterans for Dewey and Warren, the leaflet was made public by Republican National Campaign Chairman, Herbert Brownell, Jr. It is illustrated with sketches and is educational in character.

"In wartime combined operations were the key to victory", the message says. "It took everything we had to win the war—planes, guns, ships, plus courageous men and women enlisted in a common cause.

"Remember...in war men plus weapons plus teamwork equals victory.

"In peacetime combined operations are equally necessary. It will take everything we have to win the peace: The President, plus the Congress, plus a patriotic and united people, working together to save the victory for freedom and human rights won at such sacrifice in war, but in danger again now.

"We need combined operations in Government. Under our Constitution the House of Representatives originates all appropriation bills and enacts all Federal laws jointly with the Senate, which is jointly responsible with the President for foreign policy and confirms important Presidential appointments. The President, as the Nation's Chief Executive, enforces the laws, guides national policy, directs foreign affairs and is Commander-in-Chief of the armed services.

"Today, at election time, your vote is needed for 'Combined Operations U.S.A.' The times call for teamwork by the people, the President the Congress. Give Dewey and Warren a Congress which will work with them for a peaceful and prosperous America. Remember, a united Government means a strong United States. 'A house divided against itself shall fall.'"

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FOR RELEASE 11 16 48

Morning Papers,
Monday, October 25, 1948
Radio Release 6:00 PM.EST
Sunday, October 24, 1948

STATEMENT BY WILLIAM C. BULLITT, FORMER AMBASSADOR TO THE SOVIET UNION, AND FORMER AMBASSADOR TO FRANCE.

In spite of our victory in the Second World War, we face today a struggle not for security but for suvival. For this bitter fruit of victory, we have to thank the men in our national administration who based our foreign policy on twin delusions: (1) that the Soviet Union was a "peace loving democracy"; (2) that the Chinese Communists were "mere agrarian reformers who had no connection with Moscow."

Our deluded government, attempting to appease Stalin, permitted him to dominate 130 million free Europeans and 120 million free Chinese. Today Stalin is striving to control all that remains free of Europe and all the Far East, in order ultimately to launch against us overwhelming masses of men and machines. In consequence, our country is in greater peril than at any time in our national history.

We did not have to be in our present danger. We could have won the peace as well as the war. But our national administration was incompetent to protect the vital interests of the United States. It is equally incompetent today. I have confidence in the ability of Governor Dewey. Therefore, I, - a lifelong Democrat - advocate his election.

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NEWS RELEASE

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
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FOR RELEASE

Release - Immediate
October 25, 1948

WASHINGTON -- As a last minute effort to revive the waning interest of colored voters for the Democrat Party, President Truman can be expected this week to make a belated speech on civil rights, Val J. Washington, assistant Republican campaign manager, declared today.

Mr. Washington said the basis for this prediction was the lack of response the President got to his recent conciliatory remarks in North Carolina, made with the hope of recapturing the South.

"Aware of his failure to do this, Mr. Truman realizes that he has no other course of action left but to reiterate his civil rights program in the hope of picking up colored votes in New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan and California where interest in his party within the colored electorate has all but died," the assistant campaign manager explained.

He added:

"I predict this strategy will fail miserably, and the President will become just another victim of the old Democrat habit of 'too little, too late. His silence on Civil Rights for the past five weeks has astounded his most ardent followers.'

"It will fail because Mr. Truman's refusal to follow through on his so-called civil rights program, launched last February, has revealed what his real motives were in the first place -- votes."

Mr. Washington said the day has passed when the Negro electorate can be 'taken in' by candidates who blow hot and then cold on issues and try to make up for their shortcomings by resorting to last-minute speeches on civil rights.

"On November 2, colored voters are going to vote for Governor Dewey and Governor Warren, the Republican candidates for President and Vice President, and thereby cast their lot with men whose records show that they get things done in their own states and can be depended upon to get things done in Washington.

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FOR RELEASE

Radio 6:00 P.M.
Saturday, October 23, 1948
Sunday Morning Papers,
October 24, 1948

Text of telegram from Herbert Brownell, Jr., to Senator William E. Jenner, Republican of Indiana, Chairman of the Speakers Bureau of the Republican National Committee.

"I have your request that you be relieved of active responsibility for the conduct of the Speakers Bureau for the remaining week of the Campaign. I agree completely with the statement which you have made to me that the national speaking program is now organized to such an extent that very little remains to be done except in the matter of minor day-by-day adjustments, and I am quite sure that your Executive Assistant, George Stewart, will be able to handle such matters in a completely satisfactory manner. I am, of course, counting upon you to return to Washington either immediately before, or after, the election, at your convenience to wind up such affairs of the Speakers Bureau as may be outstanding at that time. Naturally, I appreciate your eagerness to continue your long record of active participation in Indiana campaigns, and I am confident that what you may do between now and November 2nd in Indiana will contribute very materially to building up the large majorities which we expect in that State for the National and the State tickets.

"May I take this opportunity to express to you my gratitude for the outstanding service you have rendered to the Dewey-Warren Ticket, and to all Republican candidates everywhere by your eminently efficient conduct of the Speakers Bureau since you came to Washington on August 14th. I realize that you have given very generously of your time and abilities to insure the great victory we expect on November 2nd!

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NEWS RELEASE

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#85

FOR RELEASE

Sunday Morning,
October 24, 1948

Washington, D. C., October 23, 1948. Val J. Washington, assistant national Republican campaign manager, today accused Walter H. Aiken, Atlanta, Ga., Negro contractor, of "being guilty of inexcusable ignorance."

Washington was referring to a statement made by Aiken in addressing a conference here of presidents of Negro land-grant colleges in the South.

Aiken attacked Governor Dewey's record in New York.

"It happens," said Washington, "that Negroes are better housed in New York State than possibly any State in the country. This is largely due to housing legislation sponsored by Governor Dewey. Governor Dewey's State approved legislation permitting insurance companies to build homes at a reasonable rental figure for middle-class citizens.

"Not only that, but the State also gave tax exemptions to these developments, to keep down rents. It also advances money to cities of the State for slum clearance projects. Governor Dewey long has realized that the privilege of living in decent homes is one of the important needs of Negroes not only in New York State, but everywhere."

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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
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#86

NEWS RELEASE

X-E 815
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FOR RELEASE 11 16 18

Release Morning Papers
October 24, 1948

WASHINGTON, D.C.---The nations high school students favor Governor Dewey for President by a decided majority.

Ralph E. Becker, Chairman of the Young Republican National Federation and an attorney from Port Chester, New York and Washington, D.C., pointed to the results of Scholastic Magazines' Institute of Public Opinion Poll released today as evidence of a new trend in Politics. He stated that young people are becoming more and more serious minded about the problems of government; that they no longer are willing to sit on the sidelines when their future security is at stake.

The question posed to 70,531 students from all sections of the country was as follows: "If you were of voting age today, which candidate would you vote for in the coming Presidential election?" 46.29% of those polled favored Governor Dewey as against 38.76% who favored Truman. The remaining 14.95% of those included in the poll scattered their preferences among Wallace, Thurmond and Norman Thomas. Becker pointed to the small percentage who had no opinion as indicative of the thought being given to the campaign by the country's teenagers.

Becker, in referring to his travels of more than 150,000 miles up and down the country in the last two years, stated that he had always endeavored to determine just what young people wanted and what they thought of extreme governmental regulation and abdication of responsibility to the state. He summed up his conclusion as follows:

"Young people want to stand on their own feet, to go ahead, to be productive, to amount to something, and to carve out careers for themselves. The Democrat Administration has not given them this opportunity; has only provided frustration and confusion. This yearning for freedom and respect is a basic reason why the nation's youth are supporting Governors Dewey and Warren."

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NEWS RELEASE

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
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#87

FOR RELEASE

Immediate
October 30, 1948

Governor Thomas E. Dewey will deliver major campaign addresses in Boston, Massachusetts, on the evening of Thursday, October 28, and in New York City on Saturday, October 30, it was announced today by Herbert Brownell, Jr., Campaign Manager for the Dewey-Warren Ticket. It was also announced that Governor Earl Warren will deliver a nationally-broadcast address from San Francisco on Friday, October 29.

Governor Dewey's speech in Boston in the Boston Arena will be carried over the full network of the Columbia Broadcasting System as follows:

9:00 - 9:30 PM, EST
8:00 - 8:30 PM, CST
7:00 - 7:30 PM, MST & PDT
6:00 - 6:30 PM, PST

Governor Dewey's speech on October 30 in Madison Square Garden will be broadcast over the full National Broadcasting Company Network as follows:

9:30 - 10:00 PM, EST
8:30 - 9:00 PM, CST
7:30 - 8:00 PM, MST & PDT
6:30 - 7:00 PM, PST

Governor Warren's address from San Francisco will be carried over the National Broadcasting Company Network as follows:

10:00 - 10:30 PM, EST
9:00 - 9:30 PM, CST
8:00 - 8:30 PM, MST & PDT
7:00 - 7:30 PM, PST

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NEWS RELEASE

X-E 815
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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
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#88

FOR RELEASE

Morning Papers,
Friday, October 15, 1948
Radio Release, 6PM, EST

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

Republican Nominee for Vice President
(Prepared for delivery at Tacoma, Washington,
8:30 P.M., PST, Thursday, October 14, 1948)

Mr. Chairman and my fellow-Americans:

It is good to be back on the Pacific Coast. We have had a great trip. I wish everyone could see what we have seen in 31 states and in the more than 100 communities we have visited.

It is impossible to see the vast expanse and diversity of this country without understanding why it is truly great and without realizing how much greater it can be in the future.

If every part of it is encouraged to strive for its fullest development and to mesh its activities with every other section there will be literally no limit to what we can do with the strength of our total economy.

One of your greatest resources, or assets, is your strategic location here on the Pacific Coast. No one could come to this great Puget Sound, where all the ships of the world could be nestled with room for more, without realizing that this is a natural gateway to the Orient. Here it is on the Great Circle along which the trade of two continents can be carried on to an extent beyond our imagination. These routes of trade open up to this area a billion people living on the rim of the immense Pacific Basin.

The people of the Orient are stirring today. They have seen a great deal during the years of war. They have been part of stirring events. They have watched troops going forth with equipment, supplies and mechanical devices never seen in those parts of the world before. They have met top flight organizers and technicians from this and other countries.

Because of what they have seen and learned, these people are beginning to think of what can be done to develop their own regions and increase their standard of living. They know that we have what they are looking for - the kind of help that will give them a start along the same lines.

And where could they more naturally turn than to their friends on this Pacific Coast? We are close to them by modern standards. We have already tried to be cooperative with most of these people and they realize that we can

NEWS RELEASE

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#89

FOR RELEASE

A.M. Papers, Saturday, Oct. 16, 1948
Radio Release 6:00 P.M., E.S.T.

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

Republican Nominee for Vice President
(Prepared for delivery at Eugene, Oregon
8:00 P.M., PST, Friday, Oct. 15, 1948)

Mr. Chairman and my fellow Americans:

Ladies and gentlemen, it is fine to be back on the Pacific Coast and in our good-neighbor state of Oregon. One month ago today we started on this campaign trip. Looking into the future, it appeared to be of almost endless duration — 31 consecutive days and nights on a train with a speech to prepare for every night and 100 more informal ones sandwiched in between.

But the time has gone by amazingly fast. It has been unbelievably pleasant. We have been in 32 states from border to border and from coast to coast. Everywhere we have received a warm-hearted welcome. People of both parties have come to visit with me. They have given me a fine American hearing. I don't know that all of them intend to vote for my ticket, but that is not the important part of it. The important thing is that they were sufficiently interested in their government to want to hear both sides. Their minds were not closed. They were willing to give both sides a chance to present their cause. There has been no evidence of blind partisanship among them. They have been cordial. They have been attentive. They have been thoughtful and I believe prayerful concerning the great problems of our Nation.

They are obviously concerned about some of our domestic problems. Every housewife, every workman is concerned about the cost of living and the shortages that enter into that problem. They are concerned about the stability of our economy and about their own social security in a jittery world.

There is apprehension in every home concerning our relations with other nations of the world, particularly with Russia. There is uneasiness over the infiltration of Communism and other "isms" into our national life and even into our government. People are wondering whether the atomic age will be a blessing or a curse to mankind. They understand the fateful importance of what we do — and how we do it — in our foreign relations. They are anxious for the just and lasting peace we fought for and thought we had won over three years ago. They want international law and order because they realize that there can be no security for any nation, large or small, strong or weak, in a world beset by aggression.

I am sure they want America to fully exercise its leadership for peace through the United Nations. But, until there is an adequate system of international law and

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NEWS RELEASE

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FOR RELEASE 11 16 48

Release No. 13 VETERANS DIVISION Morning Papers, Friday October 22, 1948

"The Peace for which you fought" was pictured to World War II veterans by the Republican Veterans' Division today as a series of secret agreements which together spelled appeasement of Soviet Russia and brought about the present precarious international situation.

The leaflet was made public by National Campaign Chairman Herbert Brownell, Jr.

It was prepared and distributed by the Veterans' Division, headed by Director Harry W. Colmery, former national commander of the American Legion, who has associated with him a dozen other past commanders of the Legion and VFW, and all commanders of the AMVETS.

According to the Republican summary of American foreign policy results antedating the present bi-partisan foreign policy, the secret agreements entered into during and following the war worked out this way:

Teheran Conference, December 1943---Gave Russia 40 percent of Poland; gave arms and equipment to Tito in Yugoslavia; and yielded to Stalin's demand that Germany's industry be destroyed, thus forcing the United States to support Europe.

Yalta Conference, February 1945---Gave Outer Mongolia and the Kurile Islands to Russia; approved Russian control of Port Arthur and Dairen, and of the railroad through Manchuria to the sea; allowed Russian armies to enter Berlin first, and gave Russia three votes to our one in the United Nations.

Potsdam Conference, July 1945---Gave Russia control of Eastern Germany; of all German assets in Austria; of all German industries in this zone, plus 10 percent of those in the Western zone; and of all land for 100 miles around Berlin, leaving the United States without means of access to Berlin except by air.

"No spokesmen of the Republican Party was at Teheran, Yalta or Potsdam. These agreements were not part of the bi-partisan foreign policy" it is stated.

"American policy under Democratic leadership has let Russia become as big a threat to world peace now as Hitler was".

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NEWS RELEASE

For morning papers of
Wednesday, October 13, 1948
Radio Release, 6 PM, EST

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FOR RELEASE

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

Republican Nominee for Vice President
(Prepared for delivery at Butte, Mont.
9:00 p.m. MST, Tuesday, October 12, 1948)

#91

Mr. Chairman and my fellow-Americans:

I am very happy to be with you tonight in Montana and in your city of Butte. This state has made a great contribution to the life of the nation. The copper ore you extract here has been vital for the winning of two world wars and it is still vital for the strength of the nation in peace.

All day, as the train climbed the mountains, I have felt very much at home. Your state is much like mine. It is a big state. Your mountains, your ranches and irrigated farms, your towns where the pioneer spirit still prevails - all of these things make me feel that I have already come home. I am in the great western neighborhood where the possibilities for future development are almost beyond the imagination of any of us today. We have an empire in size and a treasure house of natural resources - vast resources that are essential to both our peacetime economy and to our national defense.

We may see in our lifetime - certainly within our children's- as many as fifty million people settled in these eleven western states- with tens of thousands of farms and industries providing food and jobs. There can be countless happy, contented homes if we plan now, not merely in terms of growth, but in terms of <u>how</u> we want to grow to make life better for the millions who will one day be here.

First of all, we must give attention to our natural resources. They are a trust given us for our children and the future security and welfare of the whole nation. What we do within the next few years - whether we conserve those resources or exhaust them through neglect or misuse - will largely determine the kind of a future we will have.

Before the war we had the idea -- most people did -- that the resources of America were inexhaustible. We seemed to think we had all the ore we would ever need, that we could cut all the timber we wanted, and let our rivers carry millions of tons of good soil to the ocean without impairing our national strength. But during the war, when we used those resources faster than at any time in our history, we suddenly discovered that they are <u>not</u> inexhaustible. We began to realize that, if we expect to continue,

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#192

FOR RELEASE

Sunday A. M. Papers
October 17, 1948

Washington, D. C. — Herbert Brownell, Jr., Republican National Campaign Manager, announced that Ralph E. Becker, Chairman of the Young Republican National Federation, Saturday started a speaking tour that will carry him into five states.

Becker, an attorney from Port Chester, N. Y., and Washington, D. C., spoke in Winchester, Virginia yesterday and will make his second important stop in Memphis, Tennessee this afternoon. In Tennessee, Becker will take part in Young Republican activity in behalf of the candidacy of Carroll Reece for the U. S. Senate. Reece is a former member of Congress, and former Chairman of the Republican National Committee.

Following the two day visit in Tennessee, Mr. Becker will fly to Wyoming. Enroute there will be stopovers at the airports of Little Rock, Arkansas, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, and Denver, Colorado where he will talk with Young Republican delegations on behalf of Republican Congressional nominees in those states. In Wyoming he will stimulate Young Republican activity in behalf of Senator Edward V. Robertson. His first speaking engagement in Wyoming will take place on October 19th at Laramie. On October 20th and 21st he will address rallies and meetings at Cheyenne.

From Wyoming Becker will travel to Billings, Montana and the immediate vicinity where he will spend approximately two days aiding the campaign of Tom Davis, Republican Senatorial Nominee.

From Montana Becker will return for a short stop in Sheridan, Wyoming and from there will go direct to Albuquerque, New Mexico and Santa Fe, where he will spend three days urging the election of Patrick J. Hurley.

From New Mexico Becker will return to Washington, D. C. with a brief stopover in Kansas City to meet a delegation there.

NEWS RELEASE

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#93

FOR RELEASE

For release to the Press and Radio Thursday Morning October 21, 1948

Address of Speaker Joseph W. Martin, Jr. of the House of Representatives at a Republican Rally in Beckley, West Virginia, on Wednesday Evening, October 20, 1948

To be broadcast over the Mutual Broadcasting Company network at 8:30 P.M., E.S.T.

It is a great privilege to come to this vigorous and progressive state of West Virginia. I am happy to join with you in this campaign to end confusion, chaos and wobbling in our national government and substitute an administration that will have common sense and direction, an administration that will bring hope, peace and security to the American people.

Many of you are employed in the vital industry of coal mining. You are a powerful factor in the building of a happier, a more contented and a better nation. You work hard and all thinking people have rejoiced in your climb to a self-respecting and honored place in our national life. Personally, I was happy this year to contribute my small part to bringing peace to your industry and a deserved pension when age forces you to retire. Industrial peace, just compensation, and a fair deal to both the worker and management is the foundation upon which we must build a better and happier America. Both labor and management have a common interest in maintaining relations that will bring prosperity to all. We must all work to this end, and I am confident we will do so.

In the remaining ten days before election, let us all gird ourselves for the whirlwind finish.

We seek a mandate from the American people which will be understood clearly the world around.

And that mandate will be reinforced manyfold if you send Chapman Revercomb back to the United States Senate by a thumping majority.

We will need his able statesmanship and his robust Americanism in the Senate to help enact the legislative program of the Dewey-Warren Administration -- a program which will aim to put mighty America back on the road to abundance, security and peace.

Of course, you will want to re-elect those four fine, patriotic American Congressmen, Francis Love, Melvin Snyder, Edward Rohrbough and Hubert Ellis not only because of their record but that West Virginia will

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#94

FOR RELEASE

Morning Newspapers of
Sunday, October 24, 1948

Radio 6:00 P.M.,
Saturday, October 23, 1948

STATEMENT BY HERBERT BROWNELL, JR., CAMPAIGN MANAGER OF THE DEWEY-WARREN CAMPAIGN:

Attempts of George Harrison, director of the Democrat National Committee's Labor Division and national chairman of the Labor for Truman and Barkley Committee, to arouse the interest of rank and file union members in the campaign for his candidates are backfiring, Herbert Brownell, Jr., Dewey-Warren Campaign Manager, declared today.

"An increasing number of union members and local labor officials in industrial communities throughout the country are repudiating the endorsement of Truman and Barkley by a few national union officials who, two years ago, were denouncing their candidates of today," Mr. Brownell said.

He cited as the latest example of this trend an announcement made in Chicago Friday by William McFetridge, President of the Building Service Employees International Union, of the formation of an Illinois Labor for Dewey and Warren Committee. A partial list of the Committee shows active support of the Dewey-Warren Ticket by 25 CIO, AFL, Railroad Brotherhood and independent union officials representing over 400,000 union members in Illinois cities.

Mr. Brownell recalled statements made by Harrison and other union officials, including Philip Murray, CIO president, A. F. Whitney, president of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, and Michael J. Quill, president of the CIO Transport Workers Union, denouncing President Truman's demand of May 25, 1946, that Congress grant him the dictatorial authority to draft striking workers into the armed forces.

"Republican members in the United States Senate opposed Democrat Majority Leader Barkley's efforts to obtain passage of legislation granting the President this dictatorial authority," Mr. Brownell said. "Republican Senators, some of whom are being opposed for reelection by a few national labor officials and their political organizations, were successful in killing the proposal. They rightly placed the blame for the breakdown in collective bargaining and mediation upon

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FOR RELEASE

Saturday, October 23, 1948 upon filing of report with Clerk of House of Representatives. (approximately noon)

An unprecedented number of small contributions which promise to set an all-time high in the number of Republican Party contributors made up a surprising portion of funds collected by the Republican National Committee since September 1, according to a report filed today by James S. Kemper, Treasurer of the Committee, with the Clerk of the House of Representatives.

Some idea of the support of the Republican campaign by the general public can be gained by the fact that of the 3,657 individual contributions listed by Mr. Kemper, 2,322 are of $25 or less and the breakdown shows that 233 contributions of from $1 to $2 have been received by the Committee.

The report also reveals the following categories of contributions: 177 of $2; 35 from $2 to $3; 46 from $3 to $4; 591 from $5 to $10; 679 from $10 to $20; 100 from $20 to $25, and 461 of $25.

In the bracket of contributions ranging from $25 to $100 the report shows that 374 were made, of which 41 were from $27.50 to $50, and 333 were from $50 to $100.

Comparatively few "large" contributions are listed by Mr. Kemper in the report which includes all collections up to and including October 18. The number of contributions in amounts from $100 up to the legal limit of $5,000 are as follows: 350 of $100; 204 from $125 to $250; 23 of $300; 21 from $300 to $400; 117 of $500; 17 from $550 to $1,000; 114 of $1,000; 18 from $1,000 to $2,000; 24 of $2,000; 18 of $2,500; 39 of $3,000 and 13 of from $3,000 to $5,000.

The amounts shown in the report exceeding $5,000 reflect the National Committee's shares of state-collected funds.

Although it is impossible to determine the exact number of contributors making up the National Committee share of state-collected funds, it is established that the average personal contribution in the states will be even smaller than that reflected in the national report.

Despite the broad extension of the party financial support base, which Mr. Kemper says will be the greatest in the party's history, the partial report indicates the party finances thus far are falling short of the budgeted goal for the campaign.

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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
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NEWS RELEASE

FOR RELEASE

Morning Newspapers
Monday, Sept. 20, 1948

Senator Arthur H. Vandenberg will deliver one of the most important addresses of the Dewey-Warren Campaign the evening of Monday, October 4, it was announced by Herbert Brownell, Jr., Campaign Manager for the Dewey-Warren Ticket.

The Senator will speak over the facilities of the Columbia Broadcasting System from 8:00 to 8:30 P.M., Eastern Standard Time, over Station WTOP, Washington. He will be heard in the Central Standard Time zone 7:00 to 7:30 P.M.; in the Mountain Standard Time zone 6:00 to 6:30 P.M.; in the Pacific Standard Time zone 9:00 to 9:30 P.M., and in the Pacific Daylight Time zone 10:00 to 10:30 P.M.

The address will be under the auspices of the Republican National Committee.

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NEWS RELEASE

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
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FOR RELEASE

Afternoon Papers
October 28, 1948

Mrs. Mabel Walker Willebrandt, who as Assistant Attorney General of the United States from 1921 to 1929 was one of the first women appointed by a Republican President to Federal public office, today issued a formal endorsement of the Dewey-Warren Ticket. In a statement issued through Mrs. Robert W. Macauley, Assistant Chairman of the Republican National Committee, Mrs. Willebrandt said:

"I know that the only way the United States Government can be strong enough to command influence for world peace and bring fair play and opportunity for our own people is by having experienced men of integrity and purpose in its top positions.

"Governors Dewey and Warren:

(a) have both made their way up by hard work and honest living;

(b) each has served as a distinguished fighter against crime and graft that weaken democracies;

(c) neither has become rich in public office, but each has proven his executive ability by administering the government of a great state well; and

(d) each has been strong and wise enough in the true values of life to live normally, and to maintain an ideal Christian home and family.

"They are partners in integrity. We need their partnership in Washington to command world respect and leadership; to clean out fumblers, duplications and the riff-raff in government; and to get a dollar's worth of good government for each dollar of taxes."

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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
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FOR RELEASE
Immediate Release
Thursday, Sept.9,1948

STATEMENT BY HUGH SCOTT, CHAIRMAN OF
THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

It is highly gratifying that Elmo Roper has come to the conclusion that the Dewey-Warren Ticket is so far ahead in the Presidential Campaign that no purpose is to be served by reporting the trend of public opinion in the future. Mr. Roper's success in predicting the outcomes of previous elections makes his announcement today all the more impressive. It should be recalled that in the 1936 election his predictions differed from the actual results by 1.1% and that in 1940 his predictions were only one half of 1% in variance with the actual result, while in 1944 he came within three-tenths of 1% of calling the exact results of the balloting.

I seriously hope that Mr. Roper will change his mind and continue to report his findings, for while his poll shows the National Republican Ticket leading by almost 13 points, and shows the determination of the American people to get rid of the present Administration in Washington, it also shows that a great number of voters have not yet made up their minds. These voters are entitled to have the issues of the campaign put before them, and I hope Mr. Roper will make available to the public the results of future trends when both candidates are actually in the field.

Despite Mr. Roper's announcement that he is going to stop reporting the trend of the present campaign, I am not disposed to call upon Republicans to regard the election as over. This is no time to relax our efforts to build up the biggest majority in history for the Dewey-Warren Ticket, and for the many Senatorial, Gubernatorial and Congressional candidates who are running on that ticket. It is highly important that when Governor Dewey takes office next January, as President of the United States, he shall have the support of substantial working majorities in the Senate and the House. Every position on a championship team must be filled with loyal, competent and qualified members. Therefore, in the midst of the jubilation which will inevitably result from Mr. Roper's announcement, I wish to call upon all Republicans to increase their efforts to elect Republican candidates to every office at stake this year. There are several reasons for this request.

1. While I have every confidence that the Dewey-Warren Ticket will be elected, I never regard an election as over until election day.

2. Overconfidence can lose an election. Everyone who wants the Dewey-Warren

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FOR RELEASE 11
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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE 48
September 9, 1948

Campaign Manager Herbert Brownell, Jr., and Associate Campaign Manager Mrs. Charles W. Weis, Jr., of the Dewey-Warren Ticket today announced the appointment of Mrs. J. W. Hunt of Oswego, Illinois, as Assistant to the Campaign Manager for the Midwest in charge of women's activities. Mrs. Hunt will assume her duties immediately and will be associated with A. T. Howard, the Midwest Campaign Manager at the Chicago headquarters, 33 N. LaSalle Street.

"I am very pleased to join with Mr. Brownell in announcing the appointment of Mrs. Hunt as an Assistant in the Campaign Division of the Midwest headquarters," said Mrs. Weis. "Mrs. Hunt is an experienced worker in the Republican ranks and is well qualified for the responsibilities of this post."

Mrs. Hunt is one of the Party's most active and distinguished leaders. She has been identified with Republican organizational work for many years, serving as a precinct committeewoman in her home township, as county vice chairman, and as a member of the Illinois State Central Committee. In 1944, she was a delegate at large from Illinois to the Republican National Convention.

Mrs. Hunt also has had an active part in the development and activities of the Federation of Women's Republican Clubs. She first served as president of the Illinois State Federation for several years and since early 1947 has been chairman of the Membership Extension Committee of the National Federation, an organization of half a million members in 42 states. Mrs. Hunt is a native of Ottawa, Illinois, and attended Pleasant View College. Her only son, Richard P. Hunt, served overseas in the Army Air Forces of World War II.

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NEWS RELEASE

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FOR RELEASE

Morning Papers
Monday, Oct. 25, 1948
Radio Release
6:00 P.M., EST Oct. 24

Dewey-Warren Headquarters today announced that it had caused a poll to be taken in Rhode Island, with special reference to the Presidential possibilities. The results of this poll indicate that Governor Dewey will carry the State with 53% of the 2-party vote if those actually vote who have already decided on a candidate. However, nearly 20% of the Rhode Island voters are still undecided and this unusually large group can be the deciding factor, it was pointed out. Governor Dewey's itinerary for the final week of the Campaign calls for two appearances in the State on October 29, the first to be at Providence during the noon hour, and the second at Westerly.

Fifty-two per cent of those still undecided claim they voted for Roosevelt in 1944, and more than half of this undecided group regard themselves as "independents." Moreover, of those who so describe themselves but have already decided upon a candidate, the largest number has reported its intention of voting for Governor Dewey.

Those who favor Governor Dewey have listed as their principal reasons for so doing, first, the need for a change; second, their impression of favorable qualities and characteristics, such as his efficiency, his administrative ability, and his reputation in public office.

The attitude of the voters on the Presidential contest is carried over in behalf of Tom P. Hazard, Republican nominee for the United States Senate, the largest number of voters indicating an intention to vote for Hazard, giving as reasons therefor the need for a Republican Senator to work with a Republican Administration and the need for a change. Those who strongly favor Hazard indicate doubts about the Administration's handling of our relations with Russia and Communist infiltration in the Government.

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NEWS RELEASE

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#101

FOR RELEASE

Morning Newspapers
Monday, October 25, 1948

Radio Release
6:00 P.M., EST, Oct. 24th.

Herbert Brownell, Jr., Campaign Director of the Dewey-Warren Campaign Headquarters, today issued a statement calling for the election of Carroll Reece as Republican United States Senator from Tennessee. Heartened by news of the enormous crowds which have followed the campaign of Reece and Roy Acuff, candidate for Governor, Dewey-Warren Headquarters believe that Governor Dewey will carry Tennessee and that Mr. Reece will be elected to the Senate. Mr. Brownell's statement follows:

"I am greatly interested in reports reaching Headquarters from Tennessee concerning the election campaign of Carroll Reece, our Republican candidate for the United States Senate, and Roy Acuff, our candidate for Governor. The election of Carroll Reece, our former National Chairman, can bring to the Senate an experienced legislator who has served more than twenty-five years in the Congress of the United States. He knows the legislative process. He has a keen appreciation of our national problems. I know that the tens of thousands of Tennessee voters who favor a Republican Administration will also desire a Republican Senate and a Republican House of Representatives to work with our new Administration commencing in January. Unity of action between the White House and the Congress can assist our efforts for peace, for efficient government and for the advancement of the interests of our people throughout the nation and in Tennessee."

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NEWS RELEASE

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FOR RELEASE

#102

Immediate Release
October 13, 1948

Nationally broadcast addresses on behalf of the Republican Ticket, scheduled for the next few days, include the following:

Wed., Oct. 13

Representative Charles A. Halleck, Majority Leader of the House of Representatives, from Mt. Vernon, Illinois, under the auspices of the National Republican Congressional Committee, over full ABC network:

9:30-10:00 P.M., E.S.T.
8:30- 9:00 P.M., E.S.T., C.S.T., M.S.T., P.D.T. & P.S.T.

Thurs., Oct. 14

Governor Thomas E. Dewey, Kansas City, Missouri, Municipal Auditorium, over full CBS network:

9:30-10:00 P.M., E.S.T.
8:30- 9:00 P.M., C.S.T.
7:30- 8:00 P.M., M.S.T., & P.D.T.
6:30- 7:00 P.M., P.S.T.

Fri., Oct. 15

Governor Thomas E. Dewey, St. Paul, Minnesota, will address the National Convention of the National Federation of Women's Republican Clubs, over full ABC network:

9:30- 10:00 P.M., E.S.T.
8:30- 9:00 P.M., C.S.T.
7:30- 8:00 P.M., M.S.T. & P.D.T.
6:30- 7:00 P.M., P.S.T.

Wed. Oct. 20

Speaker Joseph W. Martin, Jr., Beckley, West Virginia, under the auspices of the National Republican Congressional Committee, over full Mutual network:

8:30- 8:55 P.M., E.S.T.
7:30- 7:55 P.M., C.S.T.
6:30- 6:55 P.M., M.S.T. & P.D.T.
8:30- 8:55 P.M., P.S.T.

Tues., Oct. 26

Governor Thomas E. Dewey, Chicago, Illinois, over full NBC network:

10:00-10:30 P.M., E.S.T.
9:00- 9:30 P.M., C.S.T.
8:00- 8:30 P.M., M.S.T.

NEWS RELEASE

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
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FOR RELEASE

Morning Newspapers, Tues. Sept. 28, 1948
Radio Release 6:00 P.M., Mon. Sept. 27, 1948

EXCERPTS FROM A FRONT PAGE EDITORIAL APPEARING IN THE FORTHCOMING ISSUES OF THE "AFRO-AMERICAN" NEWSPAPERS, SIGNED BY CARL MURPHY, PRESIDENT OF THE AFRO-AMERICAN COMPANY

"Speaking in Los Angeles last week Governor Thomas E. Dewey remarked, 'Three years after our victory in the great war we have not found peace.'

"One theory is that we have appeased the Russians too often and too much. Another is that we should get out of Europe. A third argument, and one that appeals most strongly to me, is that we have the second team playing against the Russians.

"In next November's election let us put in the first team.

MR. TRUMAN AND CONGRESS

"Mr. Truman's administration has not only kept us on the anxious seat abroad but it has not been able to bring us peace in Washington.

"The Congress the people elected in 1946, Mr. Truman says, is the worst, save one, in the history of the nation.

"That Congress which he says was the absolute worst was the one we elected in 1866, following the death of Abraham Lincoln. Andrew Johnson, Vice President, succeeded Mr. Lincoln.

"Mr. Truman should have thought twice before he condemned that Congress. It approved the 14th Amendment to the United States Constitution which gave full citizenship and equal rights to colored people.

"The situation in 1866 offers a deadly parallel to what we have today.

"Abraham Lincoln, a great war President, died as did Franklin Roosevelt.

"History often repeats itself. The Vice President, Andrew Johnson, like Mr. Truman, disagreed violently with Congress. In fact Congress sought to impeach Mr. Johnson. This year there was talk also of impeaching Mr. Truman.

"Then came the election of 1868, exactly as we are now to have an election in 1948. And the people then re-elected the Congress. They declined even to re-nominate President Johnson.

"After all we voters choose both the President and the Congress. We expect them to operate as a team. When they quarrel like alley cats the best thing to do is what we did in 1868—namely, to put a new man in the White House."

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(more)

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Morning Papers,
Sat. Oct. 2, 1948
Radio Release 6:00 PM
Friday, Oct. 1, 1948

TEXT OF THE ADDRESS BY GOVERNOR THOMAS E. DEWEY, REPUBLICAN NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT, DELIVERED AT THE JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL AUDITORIUM, CHEYENNE, WYO., FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 1, 1948.

During the last two weeks, I have been travelling over the length and breadth of America. It has been a wonderful trip--an inspiring experience. Ours is a truly magnificent land -- every mile of it. But one thing has impressed me above all others. From Albany to the Pacific Ocean and back over the mountains here to Cheyenne -- everywhere -- our people are eager to install in Washington an administration that will unite America.

We have a big job ahead of us, and it's all America's job. The guns fell silent three years ago but we still have the peace to win. Today, a dark shadow hangs over the tense state of world affairs. The Soviet Union seems to be opposing all the legal means of solving international differences. Our future and the peace of the world are staked on how united the people of America are. It will be our unity as a nation, above everything else, which will discourage a new aggression in the world and which will give our own people the courage and confidence they need to solve their own pressing problems.

My purpose in this campaign has been to deepen and strengthen the bonds which hold our people together. It has been from the outset, and it will continue to be, a campaign for national unity.

We are in the process of changing our leadership here to build a better America and to unite our people behind a government that leads from strength and strives for peace built on justice. Nothing can long divide our country; nothing can so unite us as a crisis created by those about us or those across the seas who do not understand the spirit of America.

I pledge to you that we will carry out a foreign policy based upon the firm conviction that we can have peace. I pledge to you that policy will be brought to life by capable men and women who have the vigor, the knowledge, and the experience to wage peace successfully. I pledge to you that they will be immediately brought into our government when your next administration takes office on January 20th.

World Communism is on the march. Freedom-loving nations left weak and hungry by the war are being terrorized by a disciplined band of men bent on undermining freedom everywhere. Their weapons are, first, falsehood and propaganda; then, sabotage and treason. Their agents and those they have deceived into following

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FOR RELEASE

For morning papers, Tues.Sept.28,1948
Radio release 6:00 P.M., E.S.T.

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

Republican Nominee for Vice President
(Prepared for delivery at Springfield,Mass.
at 9:15 P.M.,E.S.T., Monday, Sept. 27, 1948)

Mr. Chairman and fellow-Americans:

When a Californian steps on the soil of Massachusetts, he feels that he is standing in the birthplace of human liberty. At Plymouth Rock, human beings - seeking an asylum from oppression, found it here and began that experiment in government that has become the United States of America.

Here was shed the first blood of the American revolution. Here was fired the shot heard around the world -- the signal that set off the historic revolt against a governmental regime that failed to recognize the longing of our early settlers for freedom, human dignity and a voice in their government.

Here in New England the faith, the industry and the suffering of our early Colonists firmly established on this continent two great propositions of the utmost importance, not only to those who followed them, but to the world.

Seventy-seven years before the Civil War -/four years before the signing of the Constitution - four years before your State became a member of the Union, your courts handed down one of the great decisions in the history of mankind. For the first time anywhere in the civilized world your law abolished the institution of human slavery.

It wasn't until fifty years had passed that the British Empire followed your example. Eight decades were to pass before the Civil War sustained the proposition, which Massachusetts was the first to advance, that all men are born free and equal.

But there is another great principle for which the people of America are indebted to Massachusetts and its sister New England states - the wise principle of keeping government close to the people.

Your early settlers went to work to put their new concept of government into effect. They established a governmental pattern through which human freedom could express itself. Here was conceived the device of the Town Meeting. Through it these early colonists demonstrated their faith in the ability of people to understand and solve their problems together.

Both of these great New England contributions to our national life - the abolition of human slavery and the development of government close to the people - are based upon fundamentals that are eternally sound. They are just as dependable now for

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FOR RELEASE

Morning Papers Thurs. Sept.30,1948
Radio Release 6 P.M., E.S.T.

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

REPUBLICAN NOMINEE FOR VICE PRESIDENT
(Prepared for delivery at Newark, N.J.
at 9:30 P.M. EST, Wed., Sept.29,1948)

Mr. Chairman and fellow-Americans:

We have come a long way on this tour, and while the distance between New Jersey and California, measured in miles, seems far, the warmth of the reception we have received from people everywhere demonstrates to me as nothing else could that this country is really one great big neighborhood.

In the space of a century and a half, the barriers of distance have been reduced by the ingenuity of our people.

This great national neighborhood of 140 million people, extending from ocean to ocean and Dominion to Gulf, contains an amazing diversity of interests, interrelated and interdependent.

Here, along the Atlantic Seaboard, you have over a long period of time developed great industrial centers. Here we see the meaning of the term: "American Know How." To me this term brings to mind the training, the experience, the resourcefulness of workers and management that make it possible to improve old processes, devise new ones, and thereby to constantly raise the living standards of our people.

In the newer areas of the west we need your "know how" and we need, as the nation needs, the endless variety of products that flow from it. We in turn can contribute to the national economy the riches of our great natural resources as we build our industry to serve the increasing population of the West.

Here in Newark is an outstanding example of how people can combine their skill, their industry and their thrift to develop one of the greatest industrial centers in this or any other country.

Here, and in the other great industrial centers of the nation, are the homes and the families directly affected by any state or national programs affecting human welfare. In the aggregate, those who contribute their services and their labor to our great productive enterprises in these centers constitute, along with the farmers, the great economic backbone of America. It is mainly in these centers that arise the human problems created by our dynamic system of mass production.

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FOR RELEASE

For Morning Papers of
Wed.,Sept. 29, 1948.
Radio release 6 P.M.EST

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

Republican Nominee for Vice President
(Prepared for delivery at Hartford,Conn.
at 8:30 P.M. E.S.T. Tues.,Sept.28, 1948)

Mr. Chairman and fellow-Americans:

As I travel across this wonderful country of ours in this 1948 national campaign, the one thing that stands out most impressively is this: that in each of our states we find something distinctive - something that sets each apart from the others. Here in the New England region I am constantly reminded how much our great West -- indeed, all of America -- is indebted to the pioneers who founded this nation along the Atlantic seaboard.

The first address I made on my trip was at Salt Lake City. It was made on the 16th of this month - the eve of the anniversary of the signing of the Constitution in Philadelphia 161 years ago. That Constitution, and what it means to America, was the theme of my talk.

Tonight I am in Connecticut -- the Constitution State, -- so-called because 148 years before the Constitution of our country was adopted, Connecticut had already lighted the beacon for men seeking liberty under law. In 1639, your earliest settlers met and drew up their fundamental orders, a charter which was the first written constitution for self-governing people ever drawn in the history of mankind. It was the forerunner of our living document - the Constitution of the United States, many of the principles of which were taken from the famous charter of Connecticut.

Here in Hartford is one of the shrines of American patriotism -- The Charter Oak Place, you call it, where nearly fifty years after your founders had subscribed to their Fundamental Orders, they hid their great document at the Charter Oak to keep it from the hands of a Colonial Governor who would have burned it in a public bonfire.

Your great commonwealth has had a second nickname ever since Revolutionary days - the Arsenal of the Nation - because it was here that the colonists came to get the weapons with which they won their independence. In the last great war -- the American people again looked to Connecticut -- and to the workers in its great industrial plants -- for the weapons with which to defend that independence.

All of us can still come to Connecticut, not so much to rearm ourselves with weapons of war, but to replenish our American spirit, reaffirm our faith in human

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FOR RELEASE

Tuesday Morning Papers,
October 5, 1948
Radio Release 6:00 PM
Monday, October 4, 1948

ADDRESS OF SENATOR ARTHUR H. VANDENBERG, CHAIRMAN
OF THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, OVER THE FACILITIES
OF THE COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM, MONDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1948,
8:00 to 8:30 P.M., EASTERN STANDARD TIME.

During the last four years, and particularly in the 80th Congress, sincere efforts have been made to take American foreign affairs out of partisan politics. To an important degree these efforts have succeeded - with credit to both major Parties. I propose tonight to report the Republican position in respect to this effort in behalf of national unity at the waters' edge.

The purpose of this unity is to strengthen American security and sustain American ideals by giving maximum authority to America's voice for peace with justice. In the face of any foreign problems, our unity is as important as our atom bombs. It is particularly important as a discouragement to alien miscalculation which, otherwise, might lead to the mistaken belief that we are vulnerable because of our domestic divisions. It is our best available insurance for peace.

Our current anxieties in Paris, Berlin and Moscow are an immediate example. Regardless of differences respecting details, the Republican Party opposes surrender of our clear rights in Berlin to Soviet aggression. One such surrender - as at Munich - would inevitably precipitate others and multiply the final hazard. We condemn transparent Soviet duplicity in rejecting our peace-efforts to lift the Berlin blockade and to restore four-power tranquility on a live-and-let-live basis. We indict this Soviet record as a threat to everybody's peace, our own emphatically included. We believe an equitable review of this whole problem in the United Nations is the best "calculated risk" for peace. We offer justice and scrupulous fair-play. We will take no less in return. This is the substantially united American position.

Governor Dewey has made clear to all the world where we stand on these issues.

This sort of common action is a vital example of what has come to be known as "bi-partisan foreign policy". It has two vivid advantages at this hour. One: it permits our democracy to speak with a great degree of unity at critical moments when swift decision is vital when we face totalitarian opponents who can command their own instant unity by police decree. Two: it leaves us free to change our national administration, if such be the peoples' desire and advantage, without affecting the continuity of our foreign policy.

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FOR RELEASE

6:00 P.M., Monday
October 4, 1948

Herbert Brownell, Jr., Campaign Manager for the Dewey-Warren Ticket, announced today that Governor Thomas E. Dewey will speak in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, the night of Monday, October 11. The Governor will address a mass meeting in Syria Mosque.

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NEWS RELEASE

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FOR RELEASE

Thursday A.M., October 7, 1948

ADDRESS OF SPEAKER JOSEPH W. MARTIN, JR. AT A REPUBLICAN RALLY IN ANDERSON, INDIANA, ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1948

It is a great privilege to come and join in this campaign in Indiana which is one of the banner Republican States in the Union. I am particularly happy to be in the Congressional District of my good friend, your able and distinguished Congressman, Forest Harness. He has become an outstanding Representative and with courage and intelligence he has fought the good fight in recent years to keep this country upon the American track. It is men like Forest Harness to whom the country owes a great debt of gratitude that there is still a Government of the people, by the people, and for the people.

Through his long service in Congress Forest Harness has advanced to a place of great influence and broad national service. He is a member of the Rules Committee of the House, which guides the entire legislative program. As a ranking member of the Committee on Expenditures in the Executive Departments, he has direct access to the whole problem of Federal spending. His special subcommittee in the 80th Congress itemized for the American taxpayers the total of almost $100 million a year which the Federal agencies are spending on Government propaganda -- mostly on propaganda to socialize the United States. His five reports on the different aspects of Federal thought control make an historic contribution to the defense of our system of Constitutional government. His investigation exposed waste, extravagance and corruption in at least six Federal Departments. In every case these distortions of honest American Government were brought to the attention of the Department of Justice and the press. The net effect of this intelligent work was to slow down the drive for collectivist policies and programs in Washington.

We need Forest Harness in Washington in the 81st Congress -- and I am sure that the good people of the Fifth Indiana Congressional District realize his great worth as a faithful and diligent public servant. I know you will reelect him by an increased majority as evidence you are back of him in his fight to maintain representative Government.

This is an unusual type of campaign; ordinarily an administration which has been in power has a record of achievement to present to the American people. That this campaign is not built upon such a record makes it obvious there is no record which would appeal to the people. Therefore, the only alternative is to berate and abuse the opposition and we are getting plenty of that.

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FOR RELEASE

Morning Papers, Thurs. Oct. 7, 1948

A national organization of Republican Veterans for Dewey and Warren was in full swing today under the leadership of Harry W. Colmery of Topeka, Kansas, it was announced by Herbert Brownell, Jr., National Campaign Manager.

An outstanding personality among the five million organized veterans of the United States, Chairman Colmery is nationally known as a lawyer, a former National Commander of The American Legion, and a member of the Loyalty Review Board, charged with the responsibility of screening persons accused or suspected of disloyalty in the Federal service.

As Assistant to Republican Campaign Manager Herbert Brownell, Jr. and in his additional capacity as Campaign Director of Veterans' Activities, Chairman Colmery announced the makeup of his headquarters staff and said that a comprehensive field organization has been organized to cover the entire country.

Associated with him either at National Headquarters here or in the field are Past National Commanders of the United Spanish War Veterans, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Disabled American Veterans, American Legion and AMVETS. It was announced that scores of other nationally known veterans and public figures will be active in the GOP veterans' campaign also.

In addition to the headquarters staff, the veterans' organization includes a campaign director for the Rocky Mountain and Pacific Coast area, nine field representatives of the National Chairman, a national Coordinating Committee, 13 area chairmen, veterans' chairmen for each state, and an Advisory Committee made up of 134 prominent veterans of World Wars I and II from all parts of the country.

A Congressional Committee of Republican war veterans in Congress, representing 27 percent of the membership of the House and 28 percent of the Senate, will work with the veterans' organization to bring out the vote and enlist younger veterans in the Republican cause.

Campaign aides were announced by Chairman Colmery as follows:

Vice-Chairmen: John Lewis Smith, former Commander-in-Chief United Spanish War Veterans and distinguished member of the District of Columbia bar.

James E. Van Zandt of Altoona, Pa., combat veteran of World Wars I and II, former Commander-in-Chief Veterans of Foreign Wars, and member of Congress from Pennsylvania.

W. Froome Barbour, prominent Cincinnati lawyer and former Commander-in-Chief Disabled American Veterans.

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FOR RELEASE

Afternoon Papers,
Friday, Oct. 8, 1948

It's "combined operations" from here on at Republican Veterans Headquarters.

Army, Navy and Air Corps are all represented in a triumvirate which will give its entire time to the Dewey-Warren Campaign from now until the November election, as announced by Herbert Brownell, Jr., Dewey-Warren Campaign Manager.

All three are former National Commanders of Veterans' organizations. One is a veteran of World War I. Two are veterans of World War II.

One is a New Englander who went to Colorado to visit and stayed long enough to accumulate two law degrees from the University of Colorado.

All three are lawyers, as it happens, and all have "joined up" for the duration of the National Campaign to organize Republican Veterans for Dewey and Warren.

Harry W. Colmery, National Chairman of Republican Veterans for Dewey and Warren, is a member of the Loyalty Review Board which scrutinizes the loyalties of Federal employees. He has found time in a busy lifetime of law practice to serve also as National Commander of the American Legion and in various public or quasi-public capacities in Washington and elsewhere. He served in the Army in World War I when the present Air Force was a fledgling in the Army Signal Corps.

Ray Sawyer of Plymouth, N.H., one of five vice-chairmen of the Republican Veterans' Organization, is the New Englander-turned-Westerner, who subsequently returned East and entered the Federal Civil Service in Washington. During World War II he served with the First Troop Carrier Command and 20th Air Force, which filled the skies over Japan with B-29's and dropped the atom bomb on Nagasaki and Hiroshima. One of the organizers and a former national commander of the AMVETS, he resigned a position with the Federal Government to get into the Republican Campaign.

Edgar C. Corry, Jr., who was National Commander of the AMVETS during the year ending October 1, is a former naval officer whose long experience with courts martial during World War II led him to tell Secretary of Defense James Forrestal that "The whole system ought to be reformed." He obtained his law degree from the University of Iowa, and will serve during the campaign as a field representative of Chairman Colmery in that State.

Sawyer and Corry have both labored with Congress and the National Defense establishment to modernize military justice and obtain greater consideration for enlisted men. They have had the satisfaction of seeing some of their recommendations adopted through Congressional or administrative action. But though serving their country in two wars and different services, all three agree that the Veterans of the country are clear-thinking Americans, devoted to American institutions and determined to preserve them.

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NEWS RELEASE

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FOR RELEASE
Morning Papers, Saturday, October 2, 1948
Radio Release 6:00 P.M., E.S.T.

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

Republican Nominee for Vice President
(Prepared for delivery at Philadelphia
at 9:00 P.M., Friday, Oct. 1, 1948)

Mr. Chairman and my Fellow-Americans:

I am glad to be in Philadelphia -- again. In your city three months ago I received one of the greatest honors that can come to an American from his political party. But, it is an honor that brings with it a sense of great responsibility. I am thankful, therefore, that I can face this responsibility as part of a united Republican party. Its preconvention rivalries have been forgotten. Its ranks have been reformed under the standard of a great American selected in the American way to lead us.

He will lead us not merely to victory as a party, but to service for the nation a great Republican, a great Governor of your neighbor state, and the next President of the United States -- Tom Dewey.

I have come through eighteen states of the Union since I left Sacramento two weeks ago. I have had a great opportunity to meet people in many towns and cities and to discuss with them the problems facing our nation today.

And believe me, there are great problems facing us. I have found that the American people are quite conscious of them. There is apprehension in every home over the cold was in which we are engaged. Men and women everywhere are wondering whether we are going to be able to resolve our differences with Russia and her satellites in a just and lasting peace. There is concern in every home over what every housewife understands -- the high cost of living caused by rising prices on the one hand and heavy taxes on the other.

There is little need to tell the American People that we are in a difficult situation -- both at home and abroad. They know it. They know we are facing a challenge greater than has ever been faced by any country in the history of the world.

The main concern in the minds of the people of America does not arise out of a failure to understand our problems. It does not arise out of any doubt in America. It arises out of their realization that we are still trying to face those problems under a national administration that long ago began to split up and that is now shattered beyond any hope of repair.

They are weary of stories of internal disagreement and dissension within an administration to which they should be able to look for calm, consistent leadership. They have grown tired of hearing daily more complaining and witnessing daily less

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Afternoon Newspapers
Thursday, October 7, 1948

Herbert Brownell, Jr., Republican National Campaign Manager, announced that Ray Sawyer of Plymouth, N. H., former National Commander of the AMVETS and until recently a lawyer in the career civil service of the Federal Government, joined the staff of Republican Veterans for Dewey and Warren at National Headquarters today as a protest against what he characterized as the dangerous tendencies of government under the Truman Administration.

Chairman Harry W. Colmery, GOP Campaign Director of Veterans' Activities, announced that Sawyer would serve as one of five vice-chairmen of the National Veterans' Organization and also as Director of special activities at Republican Headquarters.

A former Air Corps officer who returned to civilian employment with the government after VJ-Day, the recent head of the AMVETS said that he quit the Federal service to get into the campaign because of a conviction that a complete change in government leadership is necessary to save the country from disaster.

Mr. Sawyer said:

"We need abler leadership in the White House and more character and competence in the men around the President.

"I have also been shocked to find in my own experience that more than one Federal agency is slowly but certainly getting into the hands of men who seem to be more interested in undermining our governmental system than in preserving the principles on which the country was founded, and under which we have attained world leadership and become the envy of other peoples everywhere.

"The Veterans of World War II are first of all good Americans. Our country and our way of life may not be perfect, but they are at least the best in the world, and the men who served in uniform know it and fought to preserve them. They have a chance now to strengthen the barrier against alien ideologies by electing Dewey and Warren. I believe they will do so."

A graduate of the University of New Hampshire in 1931, with two law degrees obtained later from the University of Colorado, Mr. Sawyer was formerly executive assistant to the Surgeon General of the U. S. Public Health Service and later an attorney with the Federal Communications Commission. Entering the Army in 1942, he was graduated from officers training school and subsequently served with the First Troop Carrier Command and 20th Air Force. He was at one time secretary to the late Ambassador Winant while the latter was Governor of New Hampshire.

Membership in the AMVETS doubled during the year of his incumbency as national commander.

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FOR RELEASE 10 11 12 48

Morning Newspapers
Sunday, Oct. 10, 1948

Completion of a Field Organization of Republican Veterans blanketing the United States was announced today by Herbert Brownell, Jr., Dewey-Warren Campaign Manager.

Harry W. Colmery, National Chairman of the Republican Veterans for Dewey and Warren will direct the Republican Veterans Campaign from Washington, with a special Campaign Director to assist him in the Rocky Mountain and Pacific Coast States, and nine field representatives who will work in critical areas as required.

Warren H. Atherton of Stockton, California, a former national commander of The American Legion, was appointed campaign director for the western states.

For closer concentration on local problems, the country was divided into 13 areas, with a chairman for each area----some of them including several states and others only one or two. Each state will also have its own chairman of Republican veterans' activities under the Dewey and Warren banner.

Through this organization, Chairman Colmery explained, it is hoped to develop local leadership among veterans in every community and at the same time supply the supervision, coordination and assistance required for effective teamwork. A coordinating committee headed by Mr. Atherton as chairman, and including outstanding leaders of veterans' organizations of World War I and II, will serve as a link between state and area committees and national headquarters.

Field representatives of the national chairman include former National Commander Paul H. Griffith of The American Legion and former National Commander Edgar C. Corry, Jr., of the AMVETS.

Lieut. Gov. Daniel B. Strickler and Congressman James E. VanZandt of Pennsylvania, the latter a former commander-in-chief of the Veterans of Foreign Wars, are on the Coordinating Committee. Mr. Corry is also on this committee.

The complete field organization follows:

Field representatives of National Chairman:

Paul H. Griffith	Guy May	Joe Foss
Grady Lewis	John C. Vivian	Edgar C. Corry, Jr.
Thomas Watters, Jr.	Donald Little	Charles McGonegal

Coordinating Committee:

Warren H. Atherton, California, Chairman
Miel Allen, Oregon
Frank N. Belgrano, Oregon

NEWS RELEASE

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FOR RELEASE

Thursday A.M. papers, Oct. 7, 1948
Radio Release 6:00 P.M., E.S.T.

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

Republican Nominee for Vice President
(Prepared for delivery at Chicago, Ill.
9:30 P.M., C.S.T., Wed., Oct. 6, 1948)

Mr. Chairman and my fellow Americans:

I cannot tell you how happy I am to be with you tonight in this great Chicago gathering. It is a heartwarming experience to see how the descendants of 26 nations can gather in one of America's greatest cities to display, as Americans, the culture of the lands of their forebears, under the protective folds of the Stars and Stripes.

It must be a great sight and a thrilling experience for any American, but to me it has added significance. I feel that I am part and parcel of this group because, like many of you, my forebears came to this country within the lifetimes of people still living. The parents of my own father and mother brought them to this country as babes in arms. Both families settled here in Illinois, my mother's family here in Chicago, from where they were evacuated in the great fire of 1871. My father's family moved to your neighboring state of Iowa. My parents were married in Minneapolis, and if the lure of the great West had not taken hold of my father just when it did, I too would have been born in the Middle West instead of my own California.

The accident of birthplace often has a profound effect upon the life of people. And, a meeting of this kind makes that clear. If it had not been for the fact that our parents or their ancestors came here, fleeing from racial, religious, or political oppression, or in search of a more abundant life under our free institutions, most of us would have been born in countries that have either passed behind the iron curtain or are in momentary danger of such a fate. Those people over there must have the same fundamental instincts we have. In their heart of hearts, they must all love freedom as we do. They must long for the day when their frontiers, like our Canadian and Mexican borders, will no longer need fortifications and become mere geographical lines which only a surveyor can locate. Surely they would welcome the good neighbor policy as we have it in this hemisphere. Surely they too pray for collective security, not through an armed truce but through the cooperation of all nations of the world.

And this meeting tonight is the best evidence I could imagine of the fact that the United Nations <u>can</u> work if there is a determination to make it work. If

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FOR RELEASE

Morning papers of Monday #117
October 11, 1948

Herbert Brwonell, Jr., Republican Campaign Manager, announced today that "Fighting Joe" Foss, who in one month of air combat over Guadalcanal tied Eddie Rickenbacker's World War I record by shooting down 23 enemy planes, has enlisted in the Dewey and Warren forces for the current campaign.

In a message received by National Chairman Harry W. Colmery of Republican Veterans for Dewey and Warren, Colonel Foss accepted appointment as field representative of the Republican veterans' organization for South Dakota. His home is in Sioux Falls, where he already has three responsibilities as a business man, candidate for the South Dakota Legislature, and commanding officer of the 175th Fighter Squadron, South Dakota National Guard.

It was while serving with the Marine Corps that Colonel Foss won recognition as one of the outstanding fighter pilots of all time, running a close race with friendly rivals in other services to see who could shoot down the most enemy planes in World War II. Although his record was topped slightly by others, he piled up a total of 26 enemy planes before contracting malaria and being ordered home for recuperation.

Of his victims, 20 were Zero fighters, four were bombers, and two were petrol planes.

In November 1942 he himself was shot down on the island of Malaita, in the Solomons group, after having first shot three Japanese planes out of the sky. A Navy patrol boat picked him out of the water.

For his exploits in combat he received the Congressional Medal of Honor and about all the other decorations awarded during World War II to air combat personnel.

Returning after the war to Sioux Falls, the former farm boy and South Dakota National Guardsman resigned his Marine Corps Reserve commission to become commanding officer of the local Air National Guard unit, thus enabling him to keep up his flying training in advanced types of planes. In the Marine Corps he rose from flying cadet to the grade of Major. He is now a Colonel in the Air National Guard.

In addition to nominations him for the Legislature, his neighbors sent him to Philadelphia as an alternate delegate to the Republican National Convention.

Although running for office himself and getting established in business, he will take time to tour the state in behalf of the Republican cause for the GOP veterans'

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FOR RELEASE

Afternoon newspapers of Tuesday
October 12, 1948

An Advisory Committee of 130 veterans of World Wars I and II, including numerous former National Commanders of the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Spanish War Veterans, Disabled American Veterans and other outstanding representatives of the 5,000,000 organized veterans of the United States, will serve the Dewey-Warren cause in the current national campaign under the leadership of Chairman Harry W. Colmery, Director of Veterans Activities.

Announcement to this effect was made today by Herbert Brownell, Jr., Dewey-Warren Campaign Manager.

Among those serving on the Committee are former Governor Harold E. Stassen of Minnesota, Lt. Governor Daniel G. Strickler of Pennsylvania, and former Governor John C. Vivian of Colorado.

Other names prominent in national affairs include those of: Major General William J. Donovan, Archibald Roosevelt, former Assistant Secretary of War F. Trubee Davison and Eddie Rickenbacker.

Past National Commanders of the Legion include:

Frank N. Belgrano, California
Stephen F. Chadwick, Washington
Franklin D'Olier, New Jersey
Edward R. Hayes, Illinois
Raymond J. Kelly, Michigan
Henford MacNider, Iowa
Lynn U. Stambaugh, North Dakota
Milo J. Warner, Ohio
Paul H. Griffith, Pennsylvania
Alvin Owsley, Texas
John R. Quinn, California

Three former National Commanders of the AMVETS, Jack W. Hardy of California, Ray Sawyer of New Hampshire, and Edgar C. Corry, Jr., of Iowa are in the group.

Past National Commanders-in-Chief of the Veterans of Foreign Wars include Roy Brannaman of Colorado, Louis E. Starr of Oregon, Joe Steck, Congressman James E. Van Zandt and Robert G. Woodside of Pennsylvania; and Bernard W. Kearney of New York, among others.

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FOR RELEASE

Morning Papers Tues. Oct. 5, 1948
Radio Release 6:00 P.M., E.S.T.

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

Republican Nominee for Vice President
(Prepared for delivery at Pittsburgh, Pa.
9:00 P.M., E.S.T., Monday, Oct. 4, 1948)

Mr. Chairman and Fellow-Americans:

I am happy to be in this great productive city of Pittsburgh. Merely to come into your city gives one a striking reminder of the strength of our unique industrial system. This city demonstrates, perhaps more than any other city in America, the interdependence of each part of our country upon the other.

In Pittsburgh one cannot help thinking that the measure of a city's greatness is, not merely its own community life or its own chief occupation, but its contribution to the livelihood and welfare of one hundred and forty million people.

Each community produces something without which people in sections far removed could not possibly live according to the American standard. Every city, every farming community, makes or grows something needed for the nation's tables, for the building of its homes, for the transportation of its people, for the thousand and one purposes that make life in the United States different—and better than any other place in the world.

Some communities spread their products county wide, some state wide, some, as in the case of the basic steel of Pittsburgh, nation and world wide.

All this adds up to the idea of America as a going concern — the specialized production of many places keeping the whole nation fed, housed, clothed, decently comfortable. No one American community lives unto itself. It could not exist merely on its own foraging and on its own fat.

On the kind of a trip I've just been making - through twenty states and nearly a hundred cities and towns - one is struck with the fact that this country of ours is really one great neighborhood. We've got one hundred and forty million people, each doing a little piece of an inconceivably great job, and each depending for his own and his family's welfare upon others doing the same thing.

To the extent that one man regards his job as unimportant, to the extent that one community lags behind with its contribution, to the extent that one state slows down - to that extent is America's production decreased and the welfare of its people everywhere endangered.

On this trip I have been catching the full truth and import of an observation

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FOR RELEASE

#1120

Morning Papers, Wed. Oct.6,1948
Radio Release 6:00 P.M., E.S.T.

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

Republican Nominee for Vice President
(Prepared for delivery at Charleston, W.Va.
9:30 P.M., E.S.T., Tues. Oct. 5, 1948)

Mr. Chairman and fellow-Americans:

I am happy to be in West Virginia and in your capital city of Charleston. This is the 23rd state I've visited since leaving California just three weeks ago tomorrow. I had been in many of these states before, but on this trip I have had the thrill of talking with people in nearly one hundred cities and towns. These people have been kind enough to come down to the stations as we stopped along the line to give me a hearing in the great American way.

They are people from all walks of life. They represent both political parties. There have been men, women and children. I only wish that each of you here tonight could have the opportunity that has come to me. You would come to the conclusion that after all this great country, with its 3,000,000 square miles, 48 states and its thousands of cities and towns, is really one great neighborhood.

In all sections of the country the American people are fundamentally the same no matter how their communities may differ in location, terrain and principal occupation. The people of all these communities are intensely proud of their American citizenship. They are proud of what this country of ours has been able to accomplish in the past. They are confident that it can accomplish a great deal more in the future for better living, for greater opportunities for more and more people.

I am particularly happy to come into your mountainous State of West Virginia because I have never been here before.

I have just begun to realize what a tremendous amount of production has been going on, and is going on, in your state. But the thing that impresses me is, not so much the amount of your production, as its importance to the people of all the other states of the union. As I stood this morning speaking to the people of Clarksburg, who braved an early morning rain to show their kindness, I was thinking about your hardwood industry - the windowpanes that are made here and sent out to my own State of California and to many other states where housing materials have been so badly needed.

Here in this Kanawha Valley and in other parts of your State are your soft coal mines. This coal is the fuel that makes possible many other kinds of produc-

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FOR RELEASE
For morning papers of
Sunday, October 3, 1948
Radio Release 6 P.M. EST

#121

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

Republican Nominee for Vice-President
(Prepared for delivery at Baltimore, Md.
9:00 p.m. EST, Saturday, Oct. 2, 1948)

Mr. Chairman and fellow Americans:

I am happy to be in your fine city of Baltimore.

Eighteen days ago I left my home state of California to do my share in this 1948 national campaign. We've traveled more than 5,000 miles in that time. We've traveled through 20 states and have visited 75 cities.

Every where people have been kind enough to spare a few minutes from their busy days to come down to the train to give me a hearing. They come from all walks of life. They represent both political parties. There are men, women and children. One of the greatest thrills I have had on this trip is this living proof of one of the fine, characteristic traits of America today -- the willingness of people to give every other American an opportunity to be heard. As long as this is true, we should never doubt the ability of our country to solve its problems, whatever they may be.

On this trip I have also been impressed by what I might call the variety within unity of the American people.

What I mean is this: Every city and town has some characteristic of its own and makes a different contribution to the life of the nation.

In one place we find factories and smokestacks where men in their work-clothes are producing some basic material, some special article, not just for their own community, but for the nation. In another place, farmers, tanned and rugged, drive to the depot to listen for a while, taking time they can little spare from the job of raising some foodstuff suited to their soil, not just for their own community, but for distribution to the homes of the nation.

People in the cities take a few minutes off from the thousand-and-one special or professional services that hold this great economy of ours together and make it run smoothly.

This, indeed, is America as a going concern.

If only every American would think this over, think beyond his own particular job, even beyond his own neighborhood or community, and try to picture this United States of ours as a nation of individuals, each making

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H122

FOR RELEASE

Wednesday Afternoon Papers
October 13, 1948

Republican National Campaign Chairman Herbert Brownell Jr., was informed today by Harry W. Colmery, Director of Veterans' Activities at Republican National Headquarters that 27 Republican members of the United States Senate and 119 Republican members of the House, all veterans of World Wars I and II, will serve on a Congressional Committee of Republican War Veterans in the current campaign.

They will work with the veterans' organization set up in the States to enlist the interest of World War II veterans particularly, and bring out the maximum vote for the Republican ticket.

Republican veterans in the Senate represent 25% of its total strength and 53% of the Republican membership. The list includes Senators:

Zales N. Acton
Raymond E. Baldwin
Owen Brewster
John W. Bricker
C. Wayland Brooks
C. Douglas Buck
Harry P. Cain
Homer E. Capehart
John Sherman Cooper
Guy Gordon
Henry C. Dworshak
Chan Gurney
Bourke B. Hickenlooper
Irving M. Ives
William E. Jenner
James P. Kem
William F. Knowland
Henry Cabot Lodge Jr.
Joseph R. McCarthy
George W. Malone
Edward Martin
Eugene D. Milliken
Chapman Revercomb
Leverett Saltonstall
Edward J. Thye
Kenneth S. Wherry
John J. Williams

World War II veterans in the Senate include Senators Cain of Washington, Jenner of Indiana, Cooper of Kentucky, Knowland of California, Lodge of Massachusetts, McCarthy of Wisconsin, Malone of Nevada . . . and Martin of Pennsylvania. Senator Martin, a veteran also of World War I, commanded the 28th Division (Pennsylvania National Guard) in the early months of World War II, prior to his election to the Senate in 1946.

Veterans in the House represent 27% of the total membership of the House and almost half of the Republican membership. Among the Republican veterans in the House leadership are Charles A. Halleck of Indiana, Earl C. Michener and Jesse P. Wolcott of Michigan, Clifford M. Hope of Kansas, Ben F. Jensen of Iowa, Lawrence H. Smith of Wisconsin, Leslie C. Arends, Leo Allen, and Everett M. Dirksen of Illinois.

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FOR RELEASE

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Immediate
September 22, 1948

Herbert Brownell, Jr., Republican Campaign Director, today announced the appointment of Robert R. Snodgrass, of Atlenta, Chairman of the Dewey-Warren Campaign Committee for the state of Georgia.

Mr. Snodgrass was unanimously endorsed for the appointment by the Republican State Central Committee of Georgia during a meeting in Atlanta on Sept. 11.

The Dewey-Warren drive to carry Georgia into the Republican column for the first time in the State's history is well under way throughout the state with Dewey-Warren centers already established in Atlanta, Columbus, Savannah and other key cities.

Mr. Snodgrass said:

"We have the ticket in Governor Dewey and Governor Warren and sentiment is rapidly crystalizing in their favor among Georgia Democrats and Independents who are dissatisfied with the present administration of 'comblaining failure'.

"From every section of the State we get reports of more and more people rallying to Dewey and Warren as the answer to who has the wisdom, courage and fortitude to meet the growing world crisis."

In making the appointment of the Atlanta businessman and former classmate of Governor Dewey at the University of Michigan, Mr. Brownell said:

"Mr. Snodgrass has the solid support of a militant Dewey-Warren organization in Georgia, the core of which is the regular Republican organization in that State. The efforts of this group have already placed Georgia in the 'possible' classification for a Dewey-Warren victory."

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Tuesday A.M. Sept. 21, 1948

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

Republican Nominee for Vice President

(Prepared for delivery at Tulsa, Okla.
at 8:00 p.m. CST Monday, Sept. 20, 1948)

Mr. Chairman and My Fellow Americans:

I want to tell you how good it is to be with you tonight in the thriving city of Tulsa, and in the great state of Oklahoma. This is my first visit to Tulsa. But Oklahomans are not unknown to me. As a matter of fact, I have met more Oklahomans in my own state than there are here in Tulsa. Among the five million people who have come to California in the last fifteen years, hundreds of thousands are Oklahomans. They are making a real contribution, in agriculture and industry, to our fast growing state.

And tonight, I bring you the greetings of a favorite daughter of Oklahoma-- and a favorite son-in-law, Frances and Thomas E. Dewey.

Today, as our train rolled across your western plains, I thought of another Oklahoman - one who moved to my state - an humble man, whose quiet humor and kindly philosophy brought something wonderful into the lives of the American people. Will Rogers was one of your own sons. His beautiful character; his fine, clear mind, his warm humor have bestowed an eternal glory upon the State that produced him.

Will Rogers brightened the days of all of us. He saw through sham and pretense into the heart of things. He loved the truth. He loved sincerity. He always made his point. But he always did it in a wonderful way -- with a chuckle -- never bitter, never destructive. His philosophy and tolerance set a pattern that might well be practiced in all walks of life -- by all people -- from the farmhouse to the White House.

As I travel across the country in this campaign, I would like to see it kept in the spirit of Will Rogers - an occasion for meeting our issues honestly, discussing them fairly and without rancor or malice -- criticizing, on occasion, but always with a constructive purpose in mind.

When I entered this convention hall tonight, I did not come in the spirit of the Democratic candidate who opened his campaign two days ago by publicly proclaiming -- "I am going out to give them hell."

And I'll wager that if you listen to my friend and colleague, Thomas E. Dewey, on the radio about fifty minutes from now -- at nine o'clock tonight, opening his

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FOR RELEASE
Morning Papers,
Friday, Sept. 24, 1948
Radio Release, 6:00 P.M.
EDT
Thursday, Sept. 23, 1948

TEXT OF THE ADDRESS BY GOVERNOR THOMAS E. DEWEY, REPUBLICAN NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT, DELIVERED AT MONTGOMERY STADIUM, PHOENIX, ARIZONA, THURSDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 23, 1948, AND BROADCAST OVER THE FACILITIES OF RADIO STATIONS KTAR AND KOOL FROM 8:30 to 9:00 PM, MST.

These are stirring times to be an American. And I don't know any more stirring place for an American to be than here in your great Southwest. This is still pioneering country. Here, nobody has to argue with anybody else about looking to the future. You're looking that way already. You know that your future is still ahead of you.

And that's exactly what I believe about every part of our country. That's what I've been saying to our people. Ours is a magnificent land - every part of it. Don't let anybody frighten you or try to stampede you into believing that America is finished. America's future - like yours in Arizona - is still ahead of us.

Many stirring things are happening here in the Southwest. Tonight I want to talk to you particularly about one of them. Across the border in your neighbor State, on the night of July 16, 1945, American scientists exploded the first atomic bomb. Today, the Government has built there a great factory and research center to carry forward and improve our knowledge and production.

That July day, three years ago, was a momentous date in human history. What happened there was nothing less than this: Man took the lid off a whole new layer of the Universe. With immense labor, immense courage and resourcefulness and with the creative genius known only to free peoples, our scientists laid their hands on the ultimate physical force and began to harness it for our use. That fact has already changed the world in which we live. It will unbelievably change the world in which our children live.

That much we know. But one thing, the one all important thing, we do not know. We do not know how the world will be changed, whether for evil or for good. There is no middle ground. The Atomic Age will be one of unimagined blessing or of unimagined disaster. We do not know which it will be. That is for us - for mankind - to determine. It may be our final choice. That choice is our challenge. Mankind has never faced another of such importance. As we face that challenge and take stock of our opportunity, we will know that the backward look won't do. The backward road won't do. We are living in a new Age. This Age requires of us new wisdom, new courage and a new vision. I propose that we summon such wisdom, courage and vision and, with faith, not fear, go forward together.

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FOR RELEASE

Monday Afternoon, Oct. 11, 1948

Five million organized veterans in the United States were reminded today that the fate of the housing, cost-of-living and national defense programs in the next Congress depends directly on the election of legislators who will support Governor Dewey's policies when he becomes President.

In a telegram made public by Republican National Campaign Chairman Herbert Brownell, Jr., the veterans' field organization was urged by National Chairman Harry W. Colmery of Republican Veterans for Dewey and Warren that "combined operations are as necessary to win the peace as to win the war." They were urged to concentrate particularly on the election of Republican senators wherever there is a contest.

The text of Mr. Colmery's telegram follows:

"It is imperative in the national interest to concentrate wherever necessary on the election of Republican candidates for the United States Senate.

"As President, Governor Dewey must be able to count on a Senate which will confirm his appointments and support his policies. The issue transcends personalities. We can neither solve our pressing domestic problems nor present a united front to the world until we end confusion and conflict in Washington.

"Please remind our younger veterans particularly that the fate of the housing, cost-of-living and national defense programs depend on teamwork in the National government during the next four years. The lack of it now not only delays domestic solutions, but encourages Russian aggressions against what they regard as a divided people.

"World War II veterans who saw the Army, Navy and Air Force operate as a team in wartime will understand that combined operations are as necessary to win the peace as to win the war.

"We [illegible] maximum widest possible publicity to this viewpoint. Since

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FOR RELEASE
Morning Papers
Thursday, Sept.23,1948
Radio Release 6:00 PM.EDT
Wednesday,Sept.22,1948

#1127

TEXT OF ADDRESS BY GOVERNOR THOMAS E. DEWEY, REPUBLICAN NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT, DELIVERED AT THE UNIVERSITY OF NEW MEXICO GYMNASIUM, ALBUQUERQUE, N.M., WEDNESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 22 FROM 8:30 P.M. to 9:00 P.M. MST OVER NEW MEXICO STATE NET WORK.

Two fundamental problems confront the American people today. One is to establish a just and lasting peace and prevent a threatened world war. The other is to establish at home stable and constantly improving economic conditions and avoid a disastrous inflation followed by collapse. Some people forget about the world and worry only about our own problems. But we can't do either one. These urgent issues cannot be separated. They are tied up together. It is perfectly clear that we cannot get economic stability at home and go forward to a better life for every one of us so long as we live in a world racked by the fear of war. It is equally clear that we cannot hope to make an effective contribution to world peace if our economic strength is wasted away by inflation.

Now let's squarely face up to the facts about inflation. We can lick this problem. The American people can lick any problem if they understand it and tackle it together.

Inflation is a Ten Dollar word for what every one of us is up against, the high cost of living. That includes the high cost of groceries, the high cost of building a new home, the high cost of doing business, the high cost of running the government, and everything else. Farm prices are good, but the farmer sells at wholesale and buys at retail and he buys at prices that have almost doubled. Meanwhile the farmer, the rancher, and the stockgrower, live under a fear of a collapse of prices. The small business man knows that a slight drop of business will put him in the red and workers everywhere fear a recession will mean loss of jobs. That boom and bust is what we are determined to prevent.

Now what should your National Administration do about this problem of inflation? Well, the first thing is to get men in Washington who will know what caused it. The immediate causes of the present high prices are rooted in the heavy government spending of the war. That, of course, was unavoidable, and we do not begrudge a cent of it. Our present inflation danger is greatly aggravated by the mistaken policies, bad management and poor judgment of the Federal Government which for years has been moving heaven and earth trying to bring on just such an inflation as we are now suffering from.

The causes also include the huge outpouring by the Federal Government of

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FOR RELEASE

A.M. Papers, Friday, Oct. 8, 1948
Radio Release, 6:00 P.M., E.S.T.

SPEECH OF GOVERNOR EARL WARREN OF CALIFORNIA

Republican Nominee for Vice President
(Prepared for delivery at Madison, Wisc.
8:30 P.M., C.S.T., Thurs., Oct. 7, 1948)

Mr. Chairman and fellow Americans:

I am very happy to be with you in the fine State of Wisconsin, here in the City of Madison, your capital and the site of your State University.

Twenty-three days ago I left Sacramento, the capital city of my own State. In that time I have traveled through twenty-four states of the Union. I have had the privilege of meeting with our fellow-Americans along the way in nearly 100 cities and towns.

I am particularly happy to be in Wisconsin tonight. First of all, I have never had the opportunity of visiting here before. But, there is another reason. I believe there is a real kinship between the people of your state and mine.

This is the centennial year of your statehood. It is also the centennial of the discovery of gold in California, an event that culminated in our admission to the Union in 1850. You were the 30th state and we were the 31st.

We followed you into the Union, but the parallel between our states does not stop there. Wisconsin, like California, has been settled by people of many racial backgrounds who have brought the frontiers of our Nation ever westward in their search for wider opportunities.

The industry and the thrift of these settlers and their descendants have built up sturdy populations in our states. In both there is living proof that men and women of various ancestries and traditions can live together in harmony and join forces - as Americans - for the building of their state.

Here, in Wisconsin, in 1854, the Republican Party was born - a new party determined to meet the critical problems of those days squarely upon principle. A group of your leaders, weary with two decades of dissension and bitterness in the Nation, gathered together with men from other states to form a party of principle to which men of good will, seeking escape from the expediency and compromise of their day, could give their allegiance.

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FOR RELEASE #129

Morning Papers, Tues. Oct. 12, 1948
Radio 6:00 PM.,EST.,Mon.Oct.11,1948

TEXT OF THE ADDRESS BY GOVERNOR THOMAS E. DEWEY, REP. NOMINEE FOR PRESIDENT, DELIVERED AT HUNT ARMORY, PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA ON MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 11, 1948, AND BROADCAST OVER STATION WJAS AND THE NATION-WIDE NETWORK OF COLUMBIA BROADCASTING SYSTEM, FROM 8:30 to 9:00 E.S.T.

We are entering the final three weeks of the campaign to unite America. With the ominous overtones of division and strife in the world, there is increasing evidence of the great good this election will do. It will revive the spiritual unity of our people. It will restore our unity and our strength in the cause of peace abroad. Most of all it will show the world that we are selecting a competent administration which understands the problems of world affairs. We are electing a Republican Administration that will unfailingly back up the work of its own representatives in the United Nations for peace.

This campaign has taken me across the whole expanse of our wonderful country—from coast to coast and from the Mexican to the Canadian borders. I am deeply happy to be able to report to you that our people are rejecting the counsels of disunity and despair. They are welcoming the progress we can make for peace, stability and freedom when we get a competent national Administration with faith in itself and in the American people.

You and I have a big job to do in the years ahead. But because of our faith we know that with an Administration devoted to the welfare of all of its people, we can do that job. We shall do it by advancing the principles of a free society in terms of better living for all our people.

We have come to the time to look ahead instead of backward. We have come to the end of a period when Government feeds on its own blunders and failures. We are now witnessing the strange spectacle of an Administration that failed when it had a Democrat Congress and failed when it had a Republican Congress, and now denounces the elected representatives of the people in general and asks for another chance to fail again. That seems to be rubbing it in. We have had enough failures. It is time we began succeeding in the people's interest.

This curious administration seems to be making a special point of asking men and women who belong to unions to give it another chance to fail. It implies that somehow this group of good Americans is different from other good Americans. It suggests that labor has given this particular Administration a mortgage on its future. I suggest that no political party has a mortgage on any American. We all are free men and women enjoying our inalienable rights under the guarantees of the